

R.W. Jones, of Edmonton Now Director for British Petroleum Limited

Moderation in Weather Should Hasten New Drilling.
Exaggerated Reports Circulated About B. P.

Pioneer oil men of Alberta will all be pleased to hear of the recent appointment of R. W. Jones, of Edmonton to the directorate of the British Petroleum Limited. Mr. Jones is a prominent consulting engineer and oil man having been connected with the Grand Trunk Pacific while the road was under construction, during which time he had charge of considerable location work through the mountains. In 1913 and 14 he was associated with the late Chas. E. Taylor when the Grattan and Battle Creek Oil company was being formed and ever since then he has held a seat on the directorate of these companies. With the appointment of Mr. Jones the Alberta shareholders in this company can feel assured they will have some one on the board who will look after the best interests of the company.

With the pleasant change in the weather during the past few days residents in the Wainwright-Irma district are looking for operations to be resumed on several of the wells that suspended operations on account of the extremely cold weather.

Considerable excitement has been caused at times during the past week when rumors had been circulated that R. P. Well No. 2 had broken away and was making anywhere from 200 to 1,000 barrels of oil a day. The man in charge of clearing out the sand at this well have on various occasions opened it up to see in what amount of gas was being held with the oil. On each of these occasions oil flowed as long as the valve was left open and apparently with the cleaning out of the sand from the bottom of the hole the amount of oil being produced increased. No estimate has been made by the management of the company as to its probable production, but with the present gas pressure and the excellent showing whenever the well has been opened, the well should produce considerable more oil than what was estimated when it was completed, which was 200 barrels per day.

MAY DROP DUTY ON DRILLING MACHINERY.

Medicine Hat, Alta.,—Charles Stewart, minister of the interior, when interviewed by a delegation of the chamber of commerce here yesterday morning was very specific in his statement with regard to the removal of the duty from the oil drilling machinery.

He said that it had been the intention of the government last year to have the duty removed, but the covering clause in the tariff regulations was not interpreted by the customs department as it was intended to be, and was consequently futile. The wishes of the government, however, had been conveyed to the department of customs this year, and the clause had been drawn up by the department to meet the requirements. The intention was, he said, to remove the duty from oil drilling machinery and all casing larger than four inch.

Confirms Intention

Calgary, Alta.,—Confirming his remarks at Medicine Hat about the government's intention to reduce, or entirely eliminate the duty on oil drilling machinery, Hon. Charles Stewart today told the Journal that it had been the intention of the government to do so last year.

"I intended to place oil drilling machinery on the free list last year," he said, "but there was something wrong with our legislation; at least that is the way customs officers interpreted it. The matter will be up again this year, and will be adjusted." Mr. Stewart would not state definitely if the machinery would go on the free list or if there would simply be a reduction in the duty.

"For myself," he said, "I am anxious to encourage drilling for oil, and I am sure the government wants to do everything in their power to help those who are spending their money in searching for petroleum."

People are finding out that they must be careful with this radio stuff. A young married man here who is a nut over the stuff received a call over the phone the other day from his wife. "Hurry home, dear," she shouted in the telephone, "I must have got the electric plugs switched for the radio is giving out a clanking noise while the electric washing machine is singing 'Way Down in Dixie.'"

Don't Miss the Big Minstrel Show

Big Minstrel Show in Larson's Hall on Friday, March 13th at 8.30 p. m. A choice collection of "darkey talent" has been secured. The Show includes the following actors:
Mr. Moses Brown, Mr. Jack Bones, Mr. Dynamite Washington, Mr. Rastus Bozo, Mr. Snowball Jackson, Mr. Sambo Crawford, Mr. Black Jack.
Laughs and thrills for everyone. Monologues, southern melodies, con stories, jokes, musical numbers, and sketches. You'll certainly enjoy the many surprises. A Coon for luck—Friday, March 13th.

IRMA ORANGE LODGE HOLDS WHIST DRIVE AND DANCE

The members and friends of the Irma Orange Lodge No. 2066, met in their lodge room Monday night and spent a very pleasant evening. The committee in charge had arranged for sufficient tables to fill the hall and for over two hours the crowd enjoyed themselves with progressive whist. The winners of the first prizes being Mrs. Wm. Matheson and Pryce Jones with W. Myers capturing the booby prize. After the contest with the cards, Mr. White, organizer for the society gave a very interesting talk which was followed with lunch after which the floor was cleared and those who wished enjoyed a few hours dancing. The Herbert orchestra furnishing the music.

CAR OF SHORTHORN CATTLE SOLD

Last Friday J. W. Stuart, auctioneer displayed the balance of J. G. Clark's herd of fine shorthorn cattle to the highest bidders. Twenty five head of cows and heifers were put up at auction and sold to the following buyers: F. Pyle, 2; A. R. Harper 3; Yonker Bros. 6; Art Long 2; J. Carls 2; C. Steele 2; B. Oldham 4; J. Hearn 1; and T. Shaw 1. The prices for the cows ranged from \$50 to \$90 each which considering the breeding and records was way below what it should have been. This stock had been shipped to Mundare a short time ago and was purchased by an Edmonton dealer who believed that by returning them to Irma, where they were known he would realize a better price than it was bringing among strangers. We understand these parties made a fair profit on the shipment which in years to come will have no doubt be a credit to those who have been able to purchase them.

ENJOYABLE EVENING

The members of the Sunny Brae J. R. C. Society gave an enjoyable social evening in their schoolhouse on Friday night the 20th in aid of their society. A good crowd turned out and besides the members of the society several of the other young people of the district gave some songs and sketches.

Mrs. Wm. Walker sang two solos which were much appreciated. Mrs. MacBeth very kindly presided at the organ and assisted with the singing. After the concert a little dancing was enjoyed by all and a plentiful lunch was served. A nice little sum was collected for the Junior Red Cross society.

NEW YORK INTERESTS

New York financial interests, which already control the Northwestern Utilities Company, supplying natural gas to Edmonton City, have now acquired the interests of the Calgary Gas Co. which supplies gas to Lethbridge and Calgary. The New York firm securing these interests is the International Utilities Corporation. Sir Clifford Sifton and Eugene Coste have relinquished their stock in the Calgary company to the New York syndicate.

MILLION DOLLARS FOR SUGAR FACTORY

Official announcement came last week of the intention of the Utah-Idaho Sugar Company to erect a beet sugar factory at Raymond, south of Lethbridge, which \$1,000,000 will be spent. The factory will have a capacity of 1,000 tons of beets daily and will employ about 250 hands. The company states that other sugar factories will be erected in Alberta as demand warrants. The coming year's beet crop is expected to reach 100,000 tons.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. L. Smith, on March 2nd, a daughter.

Seed Grain.

Canada will require approximately ninety million bushels of seed grain for the 1925 crop. Since yield is materially influenced by the kind of seed sown, it is important that the latter receive due consideration as to choice and preparation. In the preparation of seed grain, the cleaning machine used must be very carefully regulated. The scarcity of good seed grain in the west this year makes it desirable that those who have to buy seed do not defer action too long.

The essential characteristics of good seed are good quality, a high degree of purity, strong vitality and freedom from disease.

Good quality in seed grain implies a plump, bright, sound, disease-free sample. Frozen grain is not usually safe to use as seed, neither is grain which is heated or bin burnt. The effect of weathering and of rust must also be considered. Purity in seed grain naturally is of prime importance. All weed seeds must be removed. The presence of other classes of grain such as oats in wheat should also be carefully avoided as should also so different varieties of the same kind. Vitality in seed grain must be high and strong and no seed should be used before it has proven itself by careful germination tests. Freedom from disease such as smut can be assured only through the use of proper treatments such as the formalin treatment for loose smut of oats and covered or stinking smut of wheat.

The question of variety to be sown is another matter worthy of serious consideration. Standard varieties of proven worth in a particular district should be used. Where doubt exists, reliable information can be secured from the nearest Experimental Farm or Agricultural College.

In a seven year test conducted at the Ontario Agricultural College, large plump seed oats produced a yield of 62 bushels per acre weighing 33.2 pounds per bushels, while small seed gave a yield of 46.6 bushels, weighing 31.8 pounds per bushels. It was found further, that an increase of one-half bushels in favor of plump seed for other classes of grain resulted from similar tests. At the University of Saskatchewan, light and shrunken grain produced 53.3 bushels per acre, uncleaned seed 56.7 bushels per acre, while grain once cleaned produced a yield of 58.3 bushels. The estimated annual loss of twelve million dollars, by not using treatment for smut in Western Canada, represents only a small percentage of the actual loss caused by not giving attention to the other points enumerated.

ROD AND GUN

The stories in the March issue of "Rod and Gun in Canada" are sure to excite the interest of every sportsman. Staking All on Horse Sense, by E. Dalton Tipping, Western Experiences by Donald Graham, The Tenderfoot, by Rodger O'Neill, are a few of the entertaining stories contained in this number. Canada's Wild Buffalo by Maxwell Graham is an article brimful of interesting and valuable information on this subject. In addition there are the regular stories—That Tent and Thirty-Five Blows by F. V. Williams, Slightly Mistaken by Martin Hunter, Some Adventures with the Great Horned Owl by Bonnycastle Dale, and Emperor Geese and Queens by Swans by W. W. Winslow, which cover a variety of subjects and the departmental editors, W. C. Motley, R. P. Lincoln, C. S. Landis and M. U. Bates have brought their departments up to their usual high standard, helping to make the March number one of the best yet. Published monthly by W. J. Taylor, Limited, Woodstock, Ont.

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HIRED MAN, MONEY AND JEWELS MISSED

Wainwright, Alta., Feb. 27th.—On Saturday night a man was sent down from Edmonton to work on the farm of Mr. Hussey, residing near Heath, Alberta. On Sunday the family, after an afternoon's absence, found on their return that a small sum of money, about ten dollars, was missing together with Mrs. Hussey's wedding ring and some other jewelry. The new man had also disappeared.

Owing to absence of the Alberta Provincial Police to other parts of their districts on business, town policeman Blinn was notified to look out for the party. Watch was kept on arriving trains and throughout town with the result that on Monday a man giving the name of Stanley Wright, and answering the description denoted by missing fingers and glass eye, was arrested in a pool room here. The alleged missing goods were found on his person, together with a revolver and supply of cartridges. The arrested suspect came up for preliminary hearing before Magistrate Lally and was remanded for trial, being taken to Edmonton Tuesday night by A. P. P. Constable Crouch.

CORPORATION MAY TAKE OVER NORTH LEASES

Upwards of 30,000 acres of oil leases in the Lesser Slave-Athabasca region are involved in a deal that is now pending in Edmonton. The leases are now owned by several companies and individuals who are being urged to consolidate their holdings and thereby effect economy in development and avoid the waste of competitive drilling.

The consolidation will be effected through the organization of an Alberta corporation, International Oils, and the headquarters will probably be in Edmonton. Development of oil in Lesser Slave-Athabasca section will mean much to the future growth of Edmonton and all western Canada. Oil men and eminent geologists have pointed to this district as having great potential possibilities. The sands outcropping on the Athabasca in which the oil is contained, are of the same type as the world underlie the entire Lesser Slave and Athabasca district.

REFINERY SITE ON SOUTH SIDE

City property will not be secured by the Alberta Refining company of Coult, Alberta, as a suitable site on the South Side has been obtained from the C. P. R., according to a communication that has been received from Lars B. Olsen, president of the concern, by the land department. An advantage of the new location is in the fact that it will be unnecessary to lay a pipe line across a street, the trackage facilities being better than that offered by the city property.

MARKET PRICES (Subject to change without notice.)

Wheat	
No. 1	1.68
No. 2	1.63
No. 3	1.58
No. 4	1.44
No. 5	1.37
No. 6	1.24
No. 1 Feed	1.01
Oats	
2 C. W.	45c
3 C. W.	41c
No. 1 Feed	38c
No. 2 Feed	30
Barley	74c

STRAYED—To N. W. 28-45-9-4, bay mare, white strip on face, weight about 1200 lbs. branded half diamond over F reversed F on right shoulder. Owner can have same by paying for advt.—Geo. Colby.

FOR SALE—Good Milch Cow, fresh February 8th.—H. Prothero, Irma, Phone R611.

HELP WANTED

Agents in every town and district for fast selling article. Can sell one, to three in every home. Good com. and recommended by best business men. Smart farmers sons and daughters can make big money selling this line to neighbors and friends.—Reference Bank of Commerce, Calgary. Apply Room 12, Central Bldg.

WATCH YOUR LABEL

Watch the label on your paper. If your subscription has expired send in your renewal at once.

Household Helps.

MAKE ROLL CALL

ENTERTAINING

Responding to the roll call in practical and entertaining ways is a Women's Institute method of brightening the meeting. Some Quebec Province responses were as follows: Argentinian members gave suggestions for the sick room; Bundles and Scotch Jokes; Hemmingford offered suggestions for spending winter evenings. Prevention and care of colds was the roll call topic at Crawfordville. Quotations from Canadian authors were given at Cowansville, and "The Furthest Serape I Ever Saw" entertained West Templeton members.

USES FOR KEROSENE

The bowl of an oil lamp isn't the only place where kerosene may be of use. In the proportion of one tablespoon to two gallons of water, it makes the washing much easier. The odour passes away after careful rinsing and drying. If there are any grass or fruit stains in the clothes, saturate them with kerosene, roll them up for a time, and put in the suds. The garments will then come out stainless. When making starch, a teaspoonful of kerosene added will give a good gloss. A cloth dampened with it cleans the wringer, rolls, and sink easily.

When house cleaning, add a little of it to the water used for washing windows. It cleans them quickly and makes them glisten, but care must be taken that it does not touch the framework, as it softens the paint.

A few drops will silence a squeaky hinge or loosen a rusty nut, and nothing equals it for removing the gummed oil on a sewing machine. It will remove tar and paint. It is helpful, too, in ridding the house of bed-bugs. The liquid should be forced into all cracks and crevices with either a syringe or a feather.

It is also excellent in cleaning porcelain and enamel, and for cleaning zinc it can hardly be surpassed. It dissolves the film of grease so that the dirt is quickly freed.

THE WHITE OF AN EGG

Will neatly repair torn music and books, and is quite strong enough to mend little chips broken from furniture.

Will renovate soiled leather as well as anything, and clean a black straw hat.

If the white of an egg is brushed over moulds for jellies and creams they will turn out without breaking. To give that appetizing gloss to the surface of pastry and buns, brush them with the white of an egg.

Pain caused by a burn or scald will soon cease to throb if the white of an egg is applied as soon as the accident happens.

DOES ADVERTISING PAY

Advertising has made the Victoria dog famous.

It has put Castoria down your throat, left bristles in your gums, and then came along with a Rubberst and took them out.

It has put Sozodent, Pebecco and Pepsodent on your teeth.

It has put a Gillette against your hay field.

It has put Murine in your eye, sold you Cuticura for Pimples, Pears for the bath, and Ivory for the tub.

It has put Arrow collars around your neck and Ingersolls around your wrist.

It has jammed your feet in Hole-proof sox, put Paris garters on your legs and Tiffany rings on your fingers.

It has worn out your jaws on Wrigley's and posted you on what to buy to cure corn, warts and bunions and ingrowing toe-nails.

Go anywhere you want to, do anything you wish, and advertising has had a hand in it—absolutely.

And then some people ask—"Does advertising pay?"—Kansas City Club News.

SWEET CLOVER SEED

WANTED—Best price for about five bushels of good clean Sweet Clover Seed.

Apply—

BOX 86, IRMA, ALBERTA.

38-42

CLUBBING OFFER

For a short time we offer The Irma Times and The Edmonton Journal Farm Weekly both for one year for \$2.50. This is your chance to get two papers almost for the price of one.

Sometime! Why not this time?

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

The ORANGE PEKOE is extra good. Try it!

Illogical and Unsound

In giving consideration to the tariff solely as an economic question and quite apart from any partisan bias—which, let it be emphasized, should have no bearing on the subject—some attention may be devoted to a recent review of Canada's textile trade appearing in Eastern papers.

It is declared that with some 270 woolen and knitting mills scattered throughout the Dominion, business is worse than depressed; that, in fact, a serious situation faces this industry. Yet the textile industry is one of the protected industries of Canada. True, it claims that its tariff protection is not sufficiently great, and the chief burden of its present complaint is that, under existing conditions, the Canadian industry cannot compete successfully with the mills of Great Britain and the continent of Europe. So the tariff should be raised in order to restrict such importations into Canada or keep them out altogether.

But could the Canadian mills succeed if the tariff was made twice as high as it now is? According to the authorities quoted in the review already referred to, Canadian mills are every bit as efficient as those of Yorkshire, that climatically Canada is well adapted to the business of spinning and weaving, and that our Canadian workmen and workwomen are equally well qualified for the work. Then what is the difficulty?

In the first place, it is stated that the sheep-raising industry in Canada has been sadly neglected, that we should have twenty million sheep instead of two million, and in this connection it is pointed out that Great Britain in her small area supports twenty-four million. As a consequence, Canadian mills are forced to import their raw materials, not only at a cost of \$25,000,000 per year but at a loss of \$12,500,000.

The second difficulty confronting the Canadian mills is said to be the cost of labor, and it is pointed out that wages paid in the textile mills of Great Britain are only one-half those paid in Canada, while on the Continent wages for these workers are only one-quarter of what is paid in this country, and, inasmuch as the labor bills in these mills approximate the cost of raw materials, that it is easy to figure out why Canadian mills cannot compete successfully with British and foreign mills.

In the third place it is pointed out that the tariff on woolens and knit goods entering Canada has been lowered rather than raised during recent years.

What the Canadian textile industry lacks, therefore, as set forth in this review, is home-grown raw materials, cheap labor and sufficient protection against British and foreign goods.

There are two ways by which cheaper labor can be secured in Canada. One is by reducing the higher standard of living prevailing in Canada as compared with Great Britain and the Continent, but the Canadian workman and workwoman do not wish to have their standard of living lowered, nor do the people of Canada as a whole desire it. Such a retrograde step would never be welcomed in this country. It would be bad business for the whole Dominion.

The other way is to reduce the tariff on all those things which the workers must buy, and thus, while not reducing the standard of living, reduce its present exorbitant high cost. If it did not cost the worker so much to live in decency, provide for and educate his children and make provision for his old age, he could afford to accept a somewhat lower wage. But so long as the worker has to pay top prices for everything he must buy, just so long must he be paid higher wages; and higher wages than in Great Britain and elsewhere where artificial means are not employed to protect industries and thereby increase the cost of living for everybody.

And how is the sheep-raising industry in Canada to be encouraged? Much as they believe in tariff protection for themselves, the textile manufacturers would hardly welcome the imposition of high tariff duties on raw wool. Their complaint is that they have to pay too much now, and they want to be able to get the home-grown article in sufficient quantities at lower prices. But how is the Canadian sheep raiser to increase his flocks and produce large quantities of cheaper wool, and at the same time be forced to buy clothing, lumber, hardware, boots and shoes, food and other supplies in a highly protected market and pay the high prices necessary to his employees likewise forced to buy in that self-same protected market with its resultant high prices for everything?

Protection through tariffs is not a principle. It is artificial and unsound. What is one man's raw material is another man's finished product, and the moment protection is afforded to the one to help his particular branch of industry it works injustice on another, and when he, in turn, is protected, an injustice is perpetrated on a third person or industry. Protection thus becomes a vicious circle.

The textile industry furnishes a concrete example of this. Wool is the finished product of the sheep raiser. Protect it and you increase the cost of the raw material of the textile manufacturer. Woolen goods and yarns are the finished product of the manufacturer, but they are the raw materials, the necessities of life, of the average male and female worker. Protect them and the worker must demand more for his labor if he is to live in decency and comfort. And this labor is again the raw material of both the sheep raiser and the manufacturer.

Piling up tariff protection will never solve the difficulties of the textile industry, nor of any other industry. It is economically unsound.

Close Coal Inquiry

The investigation into an alleged combine among Winnipeg coal dealers, conducted by Commissioner David Campbell, has been closed. Commissioner Campbell will submit his report to the minister of labor in Ottawa.

Citizens of Pasadena, California, have subscribed to a fund for the building and equipment of a community playhouse to be opened soon.

It's easy for a man to do right when he can't do anything else.



Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER—Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

An Unusual Damage Suit

U.S. Town Asks Compensation For Bldg Damaged By Airplane

The town of Elliot, Me., is asking compensation from the Federal Government because an army airplane recently crashed against the town hall and damaged it. Army headquarters received from the war department the claim sent to Washington. Major Sullivan, of the Fifth Infantry, stationed at Portland, Me., was ordered to Elliot to investigate.

The accident in which the town hall was damaged occurred when an aviator, flying from Lincoln Field, N.Y., to Boston, became lost in thick weather. Flying close to earth he struck the Elliot town hall. The plane was damaged, but the aviator escaped injury.

WORRIES IN THE HOME

It Is These That Cause Many a Breakdown in Health

Almost every woman at the head of a home meets daily with little worries that break down her health. They are too small to notice an hour afterwards, but it is the same little worries that break down the health of so many women. Their effect may be noticed in nervous headaches, dizziness, indigestion, pains in the side or back, and a general feeling of uneasiness. In this way Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, by improving and purifying the blood, relieve. Among thousands of weak women who have tested and proved the merits of this medicine is Mrs. Gustave Hunt, Brockton, Mass., who says: "It is with profound thanks that I write to tell you what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for me. I had been suffering from these pills I was weak, and my blood thin and watery. I was so thin that I looked like a skeleton. I was troubled with headaches and indigestion, did not sleep well, and was terribly constipated. I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I soon found that they were just what I needed. Under their use my appetite returned, my food digested properly, and I slept better at night, and gained in flesh as well as strength. The result is that now I am a perfectly healthy woman, and there is no doubt that it is due to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a supply of which I now always keep in the house, and I would advise other women to do the same."

You can get these pills through any drug store, or by mail at 25 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockton, Mass.

B Circuit Fairs

Dates For Holding Fairs In This Class Have Been Set

Fair dates for B circuit have been agreed to as follows: Carman, Man. June 30 to July 1; Portage la Prairie, June 30 to July 1; Winnipeg, July 1 to July 14; Yorkton, July 15 to July 18; Melville, July 15 to July 18; Estevan, July 20 to July 23; Weyburn, July 23 to July 26; Prince Albert, July 27 to July 30; North Battleford, July 30 to Aug. 1; Lloydminster, Aug. 3 to Aug. 6; Vermilion, Aug. 6 to Aug. 9; Carleton Place, Aug. 10 to Aug. 13; Red Deer, Aug. 13 to Aug. 16. And also Alberta dates still to be definitely decided are those of Lethbridge which were set tentatively on August 16, 17 and 18.

Recognized as a leading specie for the destruction of worms, Mother Graves' Worm Expeller has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

Many Find Employment

Saskatchewan Second to Ontario in Number of Positions Found for Unemployed

Saskatchewan was second only to Ontario in the number of positions found for unemployed during the fiscal year ending March 31, 1924, according to the annual report of the Employment Service of Canada, just issued.

Ontario placed 770,775 men and women; Saskatchewan, 52,141; Manitoba, 66,817; British Columbia, 55,142; Alberta, 51,101; Quebec, 19,653; Nova Scotia, 16,765; New Brunswick, 9,713.

Only the unfortunates endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holloway's Corn Remover and get relief.

Observatory For South Africa

Photographic Lens Will Be Third Largest in World

Dr. Frank Schlesinger, director of Yale Observatory, accompanied by two assistants, has gone to South Africa to establish a branch observatory there. He is taking the new 26-inch photographic lens made especially for the new observatory, and as Dr. Schlesinger did not care to send it by freight, officials of the steamer on which he travels put it into a stateroom by itself.

"There is no really good observatory in the southern hemisphere and we are going to establish one," said Dr. Schlesinger. "It has not been determined yet, however, whether it will be at Johannesburg or at Bloemfontein. The photographic lens that Dr. Schlesinger is taking to South Africa is the third largest in the world."

If a thing is fashionable because it is expensive it is usually expensive because it is fashionable.

W. N. U. 1923

Deals With Farming Conditions

Interesting Address Delivered At Meeting of Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies

Addresses and discussions of great educational value featured the programme of the annual meeting of the Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies held recently in Saskatoon.

The Saskatchewan Agricultural Societies embrace one hundred and fifty-four societies. The association has been in existence for forty years, having been organized in 1884. It now has a paid-up membership of 26,022, and is growing slowly but steadily.

Mr. N. D. Williams, of Abernethy, president of the organization, was one of the most interesting speakers at this meeting and dealt with several topics of interest to his hearers. In regard to the financial condition of the former this year Mr. Williams said: "At this time we meet under conditions somewhat different to those that have prevailed during the past few years; not that it can be said that there is a very marked improvement in the financial standing of the farmers, but that the outlook for the future is more hopeful. I am convinced that the year 1923 opens with a more optimistic outlook than the year 1922. Mortgage companies report that arrears of interest are being gradually reduced, that payments of current interest are being met somewhat more readily and more promptly than in the recent past. That in many cases payments on account of principal are being received, and that, generally speaking, conditions on the whole than they were twelve months ago. Banks and other financial institutions report a like improvement, and I take it that these reports indicate to some extent at least the beginning of a return to more normal conditions. It is evidence from the reports of all classes of retailers that sales of home farm implements, machinery, and all other classes of merchandise have been rather below normal during the past year, and this may go to prove that the system of mixed farming is not as thriving as it once was. It is not as thriving as it once was, but that they are curbing their enthusiasm to conform to the ability to pay pretty well in cash for what they buy. I think the experience of the past ten years in particular have of late years, that credit can really be abused as well as cash, and as a result of the curbing of the system of mixed farming through both inclination and necessity, combined with a legitimate desire on the part of the buying public to use rather than abuse credit, credit sales have been placed more nearly on a cash basis than ever before. It is a fact that the business of business being done by retailers generally may not, after all, be proof of a return to normal conditions, but rather that they have resolved to buy what in their opinion they can pay for, rather than the time of purchase or the time of sale. It is a fact that the business of business being done by retailers generally may not, after all, be proof of a return to normal conditions, but rather that they have resolved to buy what in their opinion they can pay for, rather than the time of purchase or the time of sale. 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Relative Industrial Development Of Canada And U. S. Shows Rare Business Opportunities

The relative commercial and industrial development of Canada and the United States emphasizes the outstanding business opportunities of the Dominion. Fred V. Seibert, M.E.I.C., D.L.S., of the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, thus summarized the position of Canada before the "Lions Club of Chicago recently."

The United States presents a remarkable combination of development along practically every main line of human pursuit. Not only has it almost unrivalled strength in agriculture and manufacturing, but it is likewise strong in mining, fishing, forestry, etc. In short, commercially, and industrially, it has balance in a measure that is probably not equaled by any other country in the world.

In regard to the industries which support the commercial life of the Dominion, Canada, like the United States, is strong in agriculture, in mining, in forest industries, in fisheries and in waterpower development, while manufacturing is by no means backward. Of these six major forms of enterprise there are only two which Canada, in proportion to her population, has developed to a lesser degree than the United States—manufacturing, and mining.

Canada has already become a considerable manufacturing country, particularly in such lines as the manufacture of foodstuffs and wood products. It has also developed large industries in almost every other line of manufacturing, particularly textiles, iron and steel. It may be of interest to those who look upon Canada as being largely an agricultural country to learn that in some years the output of manufactured products exceeds in value the total production of agriculture. With, however, a wealth of raw materials of almost every description available within her borders, with good transportation facilities, and with remarkable supplies of cheap power, Canadian manufacturing is sure to make great headway in the coming years.

Canadian mining has fully as great a variety of mineral wealth to draw upon and probably an even greater mineralized area to exploit than American mining. But a great portion of Canada still remains to be developed. Huge areas of exceptional promise geologically, have hardly been traversed. The discoveries that have been made within the last few years indicate that in the near future Canada will be relatively as strong in mining as, or stronger than, the United States is today. The remarkable record of gold and silver mining in Northern Ontario in the last few years, is a further reason to believe, but a forerunner of even greater mining expansion. Canada even today leads the world in several items of mineral output and takes very high rank among the mineral producing nations of the world.

A comparison of agriculture, forest industries, fishing and waterpower shows these basic industries developed to a greater relative degree in Canada. The United States has roughly twelve times the population of Canada; proportionately these industries should be in Canada about one-twelfth as great as that of the States.

In agriculture we have one-seventh rather than one-twelfth of the area of improved lands, and the value of our gross agricultural revenue each year is considerably in excess of one-twelfth of the total revenue of United States agriculture. Any comparison of agriculture in Canada and the United States would not be complete without reference to the fact that farming in the States, while still a growing industry, is producing a smaller and smaller proportion for export. It may not be long before the United States may have to import food rather than export it. What this evolution would mean to the Canadian farmer may be estimated. As agriculture in Denmark and Holland developed into an intensive and highly profitable industry by being adjacent to the populous market of England, so the proximity of the great population of the United States cannot but be of benefit to agriculture in Canada.

SORE THROAT

Don't take the chance of getting pneumonia. Check that cold now with Minard's. Take half a teaspoon internally in molasses and rub Minard's throat and chest. Quick relief.



W. N. U. 1563

The United States has a total waterpower installation of about 10,000,000 horsepower. Canada, with one-tenth the population has about one-third this amount or slightly over 3,500,000 horsepower. Twenty-five years ago the total installation of Canada was about 150,000 horsepower.

A Drive For Rustless Grain

Aggressive Campaign Is Launched For Extinction of This Evil

The Dominion department of agriculture, the research council of Canada, and the universities of the three prairie provinces are joining forces to wipe rust out of the western grain fields. This parasite apparently works less havoc in Alberta than in the other two provinces. In Manitoba it is said to exact a heavy penalty from the wheat grower, while also leaving a considerable oil on the oat crop. It is only within the last year or so that steps have been taken to launch an aggressive campaign for the extinction of the pest. Now that the matter has been taken in hand the intention evidently is to make the drive a real one, and it may be hoped with some confidence that a few years hence it will be the fault of the farmer himself if his crop is seriously damaged and his revenue cut down by the rust enemy.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Better Demand For Horses

Horse Industry Believed To Be Picking Up In West

The horse industry is beginning to stage a come back in Western Canada according to the opinion expressed by prominent horse breeders who have been watching conditions in this branch of agriculture very closely. This is emphasized by recent sales where horses have brought nearly three times the price that could have been obtained a year ago. Dr. E. A. McLeod supplies the following figures which illustrate the demand for farm horses at present.

George H. Rawswold, of North Edmonton, sold a grey horse for \$300 cash. This horse a year ago, would probably have brought \$100 at the best. Horses were sold from the city pound until very recently for as low as \$25. A horse was recently sold at this place for \$107.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Livestock Prices

General Increase In Price Is Shown For All Kinds Of Livestock

Figures supplied by the livestock branch at Ottawa show a general increase of prices for all lines of livestock at the five principal markets in Canada, for December, 1924, compared with those for the corresponding month in 1923. At Toronto the average increase, taking every kind of cattle into consideration, was 35c per hundred, for swine \$2.95, and for sheep \$1.45. At Montreal the increase was for cattle 34c per hundred, for swine \$1.41 and for sheep \$1.15. At Winnipeg the advances were 22c for cattle, \$1.15 for swine and \$1.12 for sheep; at Calgary, 12c for cattle, \$1.39 for swine and \$1c for sheep; and at Edmonton, 56c for cattle, \$1.40 for swine and 9c for sheep, all per hundred.

British Settlers For U.S.A.

To Perpetuate British Racial Control In The Great Republic

The United States is making a shrewd bid for the pick of the people who migrate to this continent. Before many years the stream of immigration into the United States will be so regulated that three out of every five new citizens will be British. Since the American people awakened up to the problem, they have set about in earnest to check the flow of immigrants from countries whose people do not readily assimilate with American people of British origin. They are determined to perpetuate British racial control in the United States.—Ottawa Citizen.

Assurance and Insurance

Three times the red-faced "prospector" had pushed the young Scotch insurance agent down a long flight of stairs. The third time he turned to his work, satisfied that he had seen the last of the persistent young man. But no! The door opened, and a smiling Scotch face peered in. "Well now," said the agent, "we've had our little bit of fun together; so, all joking aside, how about the insurance?"

British Industrialists to Visit Canada

A dispatch from London is to the effect that a party of British industrialists and manufacturers will tour Canada in the near future to investigate the possibilities of the further use of Canadian raw materials and to study Canadian markets.

As To Sod Ploughing

Deep Ploughing of Sod Seems to Result in Higher Yields

Mr. McKillop, superintendent of the Dominion experimental farm at Brandon, Man., tells in his bulletin on "Experiments with Wheat" of an experiment carried on from 1912 to 1920 in which ploughing sod at three different depths for wheat growing was tried. The soil used, he says, was a mixture of tannic grasses and clovers. In each season the sod was two years old, so that old, tough, dry sods were not covered by the trial. Following a ploughing of 3 inches the yield of wheat per acre was 30 bush, 5 lbs., at 4 inches, 30 bush, 31 lb., and at 5 inches, 32 bush. Relative to the five-inch ploughing, Mr. McKillop remarks on the ineffectiveness of the difference, although in favor of that depth. It was found, he states, to be difficult to turn the sod over properly at shallower depths and more grass escaped killing. Greater depths than five inches for sod ploughing, he adds, are not practicable as they require too much power and the sod does not rot as readily when buried deeper.

More Homestead Entries

Increase Is Shown In Number Of Entries In Four Western Provinces

The December official report relating to homesteading in the four western provinces in 1924 show that 2,809 homestead entries were recorded, 665 in Manitoba, 1,542 in Saskatchewan, 1,181 in Alberta and 220 in British Columbia. Soldier grants to the number of 428 were also entered for 341 in Manitoba, 324 in Saskatchewan, 291 in Alberta and 523 in British Columbia. This represents approximately 711,520 acres. In 1923, 3,754 homesteads and 660 soldier grants were taken up, representing approximately 653,200 acres, compared with 1923 there was an increase in the number of homesteads taken up in all the provinces, excepting Alberta, where there was a decrease of 214. There was also a slight increase in soldier grant entries excepting in Manitoba, where there was a decrease of 58.

The Butter Crop

Growing Importance of Dairying in the Province of Alberta

In Northern Alberta, market prices as relating to grain are becoming a secondary consideration, as a large proportion of the crop is of the class known as provender and is utilized as cattle food. This is made apparent by the statement that of the butter exported from Canada in 1924, one-third was contributed by this province. Just here it might be mentioned that 86 per cent. of the Alberta export butter was top grade—Medicine Hat News.

Alberta Cattle For Japan

A shipment of 260 head of Alberta beef cattle will shortly be made from Alberta in the name of a large Japanese firm which has interested itself in the importation of beef from Alberta ranges. Another Japanese firm is negotiating for ocean space for a similar shipment in the near future.

Not Working

"Rastus, I shod 'em sorry to hear that yo' stahw was sick."

"What do yo' mean, sick?"

"Well, I was down to your house yesterday, an' saw a sign, 'Bell out of order.'"

Brilliant Woman Speaker



MRS. PHILIP SNOWDEN

Perhaps no woman in British politics has made a deeper impression upon affairs of state overseas than Mrs. Philip Snowden, whose husband was Chancellor of the Exchequer in the Ramsay MacDonald Government of Britain. Mrs. Snowden has recently made a tour of the west, during which she gave frequent public addresses.

Market Cattle At Brandon

Regulations Governing Classes to be Held by Dominion Livestock Branch

Classes for market cattle at Brandon Winter Fair, March 16-20, 1925, will be offered by the Dominion Livestock branch as listed below, subject to the following regulations:

1. All animals exhibited must have been actually owned by the exhibitor for at least 100 days previous to the opening date of the fair. An affidavit to this effect may be demanded.
2. If in the judge's opinion the animals in any class are not worthy, he may use discretion as to prizes which shall be awarded.
3. In the group of carlot classes, the average weight of the steers included in any entry must be within the range indicated for that section. In appraising each entry the judge will be expected to place proper emphasis on uniformity as regards weight.
4. Any animals comprising a carlot cannot compete in any other group class.
5. No animal competing in the open classes is eligible to compete in the livestock branch specials.

Egg and Poultry Pool

Plan to be Developed by the Saskatchewan Grain Growers Association

Plans for an egg and poultry pool in Saskatchewan will be developed by the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association acting with co-operation and markets branch of the provincial department of agriculture, it was decided at the S.G.G.A. executive meeting. C. F. Edwards, president; Mrs. Ida McNeal, executive, president W.G.G.A.; Mrs. J. Holmes, Asquith; and W. H. Beesley, Moose Jaw, were named a committee to act in organizing the poultry pool.

Mr. Edwards will continue to do the secretarial work of the association.

Someone has said that happiness is a habit. If it is, here's hoping that you may acquire the habit.

Could cause one-fourth of all the absences from school.

Thousands Of Trees And Shrubs Will Be Planted This Season To Beautify Western Plains

(By Archibald Mitchell)

A Pulpwood Embargo

Economic Loss To Canada Caused By Exporting Our Pulpwood

During 11 months in 1924, Canada exported 1,180,777 cords of pulpwood, worth \$12,586,192.

The cost of turning that wood into paper was seven times the price paid to Canadians for it.

In brief, where Canadian industry made \$12,586,192 out of that product of Canadian forests, United States industry made just seven times as much, or \$89,263,334.

The pertinent question is this: Why should United States mills and United States workmen make this profit instead of Canadian mills and Canadian workmen?

For every thousand dollars we thus hand over to United States some good Canadian goes with it.

Neglect to enforce the pulpwood embargo is simply helping to create a condition of industrial prosperity in United States that is depopulating Canada.

Thus, every dollar's worth of raw materials that goes out of Canada not only makes Canada a less attractive place to live in, but also makes the United States a more attractive place to live in.

How long can Canada afford to pay this tribute in men and money to the United States?—Vancouver Sun.

Irrigation Expert Coming to Alberta

Will Give Advice On Work In Southern Part of Province

Dr. John Widdowson, one of the best known authorities on agriculture and irrigation on the continent, is to be brought to Alberta by the Provincial Government to consult with the members of the cabinet on the problem of the irrigation lands in Southern Alberta, which are involved in the projects built under provincial guarantee.

Dr. Widdowson has recently been engaged by President Coolidge for similar work in connection with the U.S. projects. The Alberta government will have his advice on the matter of colonization of surplus lands and other problems concerning the projects.

Some people never seem to realize that a plant is a precious thing, not because it costs money, but because it is a living thing, with a living entity all its own, a distinct existence, capable of growth and development, and for the function for which it is intended. When one sees a tree, one realizes that it is sometimes inclined to regret that, in the scheme of things, the great architect did not seem to endow them with the gift of speech. Then the poor things might have been able to make audible protest and direction when occasion demanded and have had a chance for their lives. Presumably, it was expected men would have judgment enough to see self-evident facts, and so the life-saving grace of tree speech was left out.

One of the most important and surely most obvious facts the tree planter must bear in mind is that the proper place for the roots of a tree is in the ground and not out in the sunshine. When he sees a fish newly taken out of its native water, he knows it is out of its proper element. Why? Because he sees it gasp and flop about in its agony. No need to tell him the fish is going to die unless it is returned at once to the water. Even the greatest doctor knows that, but it is distressing sometimes to see how even intelligent men don't seem to realize that a tree out of the ground is just like a fish out of water and will assuredly die if it is not returned to its native soil as speedily as possible.

Here is an instance. On a certain Saturday afternoon we saw a man laying out spruce trees on his lawn where he intended to plant them. They were about two feet high, nicely rooted, and stood a good chance of growing if handled right. We happened to pass that way again on the Monday following and they were still there, just as they had been laid down on the Saturday. The roots had been exposed to the sun for two days and, of course, it was hopeless to expect them to live.

There is still far too much of this kind of thing. The prairie is a country of bright sunshine and tree roots rapidly dry out if exposed even for a few minutes. A little ordinary care will often make all the difference between a living tree and a dead one.

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Large Family Party For Alberta Farms



Many more inquiries are being made in the United States for farm homes in New Ontario than ever before, according to a Dominion Government official stationed at Detroit, but Manitoba and Northern Saskatchewan and Alberta is the objective of most of those now being sent north or who are negotiating to cross the line.

"I am sending a number this spring to Northern Alberta, around Lac La Piche," said this agent. "In June,

1923, I sent from here to that place 35 people in one car, all the families of the four Plamondon brothers. They lived at Provost, Mich., and their parents originally came here from Quebec. These

The Alberta Oil Gazette
Irma, Alberta, Canada

An independent newspaper published every Friday
at Irma, Alberta, Canada, by The Times publishers.
H. G. THUNEJL, Publisher H. W. LOVE, Editor

GET A GENUINE Westinghouse Radiola

A Two or Four Tube Set will bring most of the
broadcasting stations of the American Continent to
your home.

Come to the Garage and look over the different
size sets.

IRMA MOTORS

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When in Calgary Stop at —

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Free Bus. Free Telephone Fire Proof
Rates — \$1 \$1.50 and \$2. With bath \$2 & \$2.50
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That Gives
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Service



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—or thinnest board, its all the same, you will
find it always of the very highest class in every
particular. The more you have been used to ordin-
ary lumber the bigger your surprise that there
could be such a big difference when you use ours
the first time.

COAL — Headlight, Bush Mine & Marcus
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P. J. HARDY, Manager, Irma, Alberta

Farm Lands — IN — Central Alberta

I have a number of choice improved farms in
well located districts, close to Town, School and
on good roads.

If you want a good grain, mixed farm or
poultry farm, at a Bargain —

SEE ME

P. J. HARDY
IRMA. ALBERTA

EDITORIAL

WANT SMOKING BAN

Smoking in public in Missouri would be against the
law if a bill introduced in the state legislature is passed.
A fine of \$10 to \$25 or imprisonment for from one to
three months is fixed as the penalty.

PROTECTING OTHERS TO HELP ONESELF.

Diseases cannot be curbed unless every one of us is
decent enough to do his part to safeguard others. And the
common cold is easily the worst malady we have. The
average person has several colds a year. He feels wretch-
ed. His work suffers. Probably he's confined to the
house for a few days. Nationally the thing mounts up in-
to a tremendous economic loss.

We are constantly being attacked by germs. Whether
we are able to hold them in check depends largely on our
powers of bodily resistance. Plenty of sleep; moderation
in eating; regular exercise and lots of fresh air; all these
help.

CANADA'S WHEAT CROP VALUED AT \$320,362,000

Canada's wheat crop for the year 1924 is finally esti-
mated by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics at 262,097,000
bushels, valued at \$320,362,000, as against a crop of \$474-
199,000 bushels in 1923, valued at \$316,934,700.

The annual averages for the five years, 1919 to 1923,
were 326,258,640 bushels from 21,142,824 acres.

For the year 1924, the total consists of 22,294,000
bushels from 774,172 harvested acres of fall wheat, and
of 239,803,000 bushels from 21,281,538 acres of spring
wheat. The average yield per acre for all wheat last
year is 11.9 bushels, as compared with 21 bushels in 1923
and with 15.4 bushels, the annual average for the five
years 1919-1923.

HOME-MADE MUSIC

The best kind of music in the home is home-made. By
this we mean that although music brought to the home
through various mechanical and electrical means is a con-
stant source of joy to thousands, the greatest fun in music
comes from making it oneself.

When some of the mechanical instruments appeared
years ago a few people predicted that they would super-
sede home-made music as manufactured clothes had super-
seded homespun. No one who had ever experienced the
joy of making music would have made such a prediction.
More sheet music is sold today than ever before, and peo-
ple are finding out that it is one thing to enjoy mechanical
music and another and distinctly higher pleasure to make
it.

Mechanical music of the best sort is an invaluable
asset in the home. The phonograph has worked a revo-
lution in musical taste in Canada, while it is important to
remember that the player piano rolls have delighted thou-
sands. Moreover, many leading teachers are constantly
using the player piano as a model with hand-played re-
cords to help pupils to get various ideas of interpretation.

But the great joy in music comes from being able to
play or sing. Nor can one's understanding of music reach
its highest level in most cases until the music itself has
been passed through the mind and out at the finger.

DEBTORS AND CREDITORS

The Asquith (Sask.) Record, strikes a new note in
discussing Western Canada's assets and liabilities. It says

"The feeling that the worst of our trouble connected
with over extension of, and in many cases unwise, credits
are past, seems to dominate the majority of thinking peo-
ple. This year debtors as a whole are more hopeful of be-
ing able to get clear of debt within a reasonable time and
are doing all they can to satisfy their credits both
with cash settlements and arrangements to govern future
settlements. The feeling three years, two years and even
one year ago, was generally one of almost hopelessness
and in some cases of despair on the part of those having
liabilities in excess of their shrunken assets.

"A very commendable spirit has been shown by
many creditors, who have written down their accounts to
meet conditions of their debtors and encourage them in
their efforts to gain their financial equilibrium. One in-
dustry operating extensively in Western Canada, reports
that the amount of money outstanding on its books had
decreased twenty-five per cent in two years, brought about
largely by voluntary payment as legal actions and threats
of same were studiously avoided.

"As it is recognised that one of the chief obstacles to
prosperity anywhere is an excess of debt, it behooves us
to give deeper consideration to what we as individuals
should do as our little contribution towards bringing bet-
ter times a little nearer home.

"It is just possible that we may be negligent here and
there, and were we so inclined could dispose of an obli-
gation we are now ignoring. One example multiplied a
hundred fold in the localities of Asquith and Perdue
might mean a very discouraging impetus to business. It
could certainly do no harm. Let's try it out."

This is the right spirit. The advice the Asquith Re-
cord gives to its readers could be taken with advantage
by everyone in Alberta. Most of them are taking it al-
ready but here and there one finds people who still put
their faith in magic wands and who think there is some
other way to wipe out a debt than to pay it off.

THE IRMA TIMES Classified Directory.

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Contracts or day work taken in
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Wainwright Oil & Development Co.,
Ltd. N.P.L.

Irma Royalties, Ltd. N.P.L.
Border Oil Co., Ltd. N.P.L.

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ton, Alberta.

A. M. MOWAT

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(N.P.L.)

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Ltd. (N.P.L.)

Office:—206 C. P. R. Bldg., Edmon-
ton, Alberta.

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and circular. Address—John W. Shef-
field, Chairman, Aurora, Illinois.

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IRMA LODGE No. 56
I. O. O. F.

Meets every 1st and 3rd. Tuesdays
in each Month, in Larson's Hall.
J. G. Hedley, N. G.
A. K. Madsen, V. G.
Chas. Wilbraham, Secretary.

IRMA REBEKAH LODGE No. 8
I. O. O. F.

Meets every 2nd and 4th. Tuesday
in each month in Larson's Hall.
D. L. Tate, N. G.
S. Mathison, V. C.
I. C. Knudson, Secretary.

IRMA L. O. L. 2066

Meets the last Thursday in each
month in Larson's Hall, Irma.
Visiting Orangemen always wel-
come.

D. Glasgow, W. M.
Fred W. Watkinson, R. S.
M. K. McLeod, F. S.

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SEE ME**

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No. 4 Going East 10.10 P.M.
Train No. 1 stops only to let off or
pick up passengers from Saskatoon or
East, or to Jasper and West.
Train No. 2 stops only to let off or
pick up passengers from Jasper or
West or to Saskatoon and East.
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DERMAN DRUG DEPOT**Main Street.**

Junior Ball Team are putting on a dance on March 6th at Orbindale. Mrs. Shots returned last week from Mannville with a fine new daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Wahland visited over last week end at Kinsella with the Landers family.

The Irma Dance Orchestra are holding a dance in Larson's Hall on Friday, March 6th.

A large crowd attended the dance last week, and all report a most enjoyable evening. The orchestra, under the able leadership of Mrs. J. G. Clarke includes the following players: Mrs. J. G. Clarke, Piano; Mr. J. G. Clarke, Alto Saxophone; Mr. G. L. Davies, Melody Saxophone; Mr. L. Goodale, Banjo and Jazz Whistles.

Refreshments will be served. Ladies are requested to bring cakes.

Dancing commences at 9 p. m. Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Jones of Viking are visiting their son P. E. Jones. Mrs. Mack McMillan has been spending a few days in Edmonton.

Nurse Williams, of Ardresan, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Jewell.

Mrs. M. K. McLeod left last Monday to visit her daughter in Montana.

Mr. S. Coulman of Orbindale is spending a few days in Edmonton.

Mr. F. Peterson is spending a few days at Edmonton and Carstairs.

The Irma U. F. A. will hold their regular monthly meeting Saturday afternoon.

Miss Chase, missionary, of Wahsato Alta, spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Elliott at the parsonage.

Mrs. H. W. Love, returned last Friday night after spending a week in Edmonton.

Mr. Barney Deveney, returned Tuesday after spending a couple of months at the coast.

Mr. N. D. McMillan spent the week end with his brother in the Alma-Mater district.

Mr. H. Patterson shipped a car of horses to Westlock last week and McLean and Patterson are shipping another carload this week.

Mr. W. Inklin was operated on in the Royal Alexander Hospital on Tuesday of last week for internal trouble and from last reports is doing as well as can be expected.

Margaret Landers is visiting at the home of her sister Mrs. Wahland.

And still the snow comes. Looks as though Foster's dry season predictions were not going to prevail in this part of Alberta.

Carl Riddell had the misfortune on the 19th of February to lose his house and contents by fire, the sewing machine, a phonograph and a few articles of clothing being all that could be rescued after the fire was discovered.

Mr. Riddell was at the barn choring when on coming outside he saw flames coming out the upstairs windows. He rushed to the house got the family out and it was only a matter of a few minutes before the house was consumed. At present the family are staying with friends in the vicinity. Mrs. Riddell and the children will go to Carstairs soon where her people live until Carl can get another house ready. Neighbors and friends are assisting in immediate needs and a pie social is being put on at Passchendale on March 13th as a benefit fund to help in a measure to replace some of the loss. Anyone wishing to assist will be gladly welcomed at the Pie social on March 13th. We all know what the loss by fire of a home means at this time of year in Alberta.

Auditor's Financial Statement and Annual Returns of the Village of Irma

FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1924

(Required under Sec. 73 of The Village Act)

Receipts.

Balance from Previous Year:	
Bank Balance and Cash on Hand at Dec. 31, 1923	\$1988.33
Less Outstanding Cheques at Dec. 31, 1923	80.22
Municipal Taxes: Current \$747.74; Arrears \$339.57	1087.31
Supp. Revenue Taxes: Current \$31.99, Arrears \$22.86	54.85
Village School Dist. Taxes Collected under Tax Recovery Act	415.36
Dog Taxes	2.00
Commissions on Account Tax Collections	25.99
Tax Sale Costs	22.00
Bank Interest on Savings Account	15.95
Total Outstanding Cheques Dec. 31, 1924:	
TOTAL	\$3531.57

Disbursements.

Supp. Revenue Taxes Paid Dept. of Municipal Affairs	44.23
School Tax Collections (less Commission for Collecting)	415.36
Debiture Payments: Principal \$300.00; Interest \$180.00	480.00
Fire Department \$60.15 and \$1075.95	1136.10
Public Works	371.35
Salaries: Sec'y-Treas. \$250.00, Auditor \$15.00	265.00
-Premium Sec'y- Bond	3.15
Postage, Printing and Stationery	50.05
Office Expense (Rent, Caretaking, Equipment Supplies)	65.85
Tax Sale Costs	7.90
Taxes on Fire Hall	53.97
Balance at December 31st, 1924:	
Municipal Account, Bank Bal.	\$139.77
Supp. Rev. Trust Acct. Bank Bal.	42.66
Cash on Hand	\$0.70
Savings Trust Account, Bank Bal.	\$416.23
TOTAL	\$599.36
TOTAL	\$3531.57

Assets.

Credit Balance in Bank and Cash on Hand at Dec. 31st, 1924	\$5802.42
Uncollected Municipal Taxes	602.04
Uncollected Supplementary Revenue Taxes	52.80
Uncollected School Taxes	388.22
Fire Hall and Equipment and 2 chemical, \$5,000.00 Extinguishers \$25.00; Well and Pump \$550.00	3575.00
Lands and Other Property and Lots	200.00
Safe \$150. Fire \$150. Office Stove \$45.	345.00
Tax Sale Costs	40.00
TOTAL	\$5802.42

Liabilities.

Uncollected Supplementary Revenue Taxes	52.80
Due Dept. on Account Supp. Revenue Tax Collections	43.36
Uncollected School Taxes	388.22
Loans: Debiture, Principal \$2700.00, Interest \$75.00	2775.00
Balance Assets over Liabilities	2542.42
TOTAL	\$5802.42

Debiture Statement

Authorized Issue:	
Authorized Issue: By-Law No. 36, Date July 2nd, 1923.	
Debiture No. 1, Date Aug. 1st, 1923; Amount of Issue \$1000.00; Repayment Plan and Period: 10 equal annual payments of Principal and Interest; Term, 10 years from Aug. 1st, 1923 to 1933; Rate of Int. 6 per cent; Amount of Annual Payment \$160.00; Amount Redeemed during Year, Int. \$6.00, Principal \$154.00; Total Amt. Redeemed to Dec. 31st, 1924, \$160.00; Total Outstanding at Dec. 31st, 1924, \$900.00 and Int. \$25.00.	
Debiture No. 1A, Date Aug. 1st, 1923; Amt. of Issue, \$1,000.00; To erect Fire Hall; Term, 10 years, From Aug. 1, 1923 to 1933; Rate of Int. 6 per cent; Amt. of Annual Payment \$160.00; Amt. Redeemed during Year, Int. \$6.00, Principal \$154.00; Total Amt. Redeemed to Dec. 31st, 1924, \$160.00; Total Outstanding at Dec. 31st, 1924, \$900.00 and Int. \$25.00.	
Debiture No. 1B, Date Aug. 1st, 1923; Amt. of Issue, \$1,000.00; Purchase Equipment and Drill Village Well; Term, 10 years, From Aug. 1st, 1923 to 1933; Rate of Int. 6 per cent; Amt. of Annual Payment \$160.00; Amt. Redeemed during Year, Int. \$6.00, Principal \$154.00; Total Amt. Redeemed to Dec. 31st, 1924, \$160.00; Total Outstanding at Dec. 31st, 1924, \$900.00 and Int. \$25.00.	
Totals: Amt. of Issue \$3,000.00; Amt. of Annual Payment \$480.00; Amt. Redeemed during Year, Int. \$18.00, Principal \$362.00; Total Amt. Redeemed to Dec. 31st, 1924, \$380.00; Total Outstanding at Dec. 31st, 1924, \$2720.00 and Int. \$75.00.	

Supplementary Revenue Tax Account

Total Valuation of Assessable Land	\$24112.00
Current Levy:	
At 2 1/2 Mills on the Dollar	60.28
Added Minimum Tax	.68
Amount Uncollected Dec. 31st, 1923	43.16
Penalties Added in 1924	4.16
Total Amount Due	108.28
Total Collected to Dec. 31st, 1924	54.85
Exemptions and Cancellations	.63
Total Uncollected at Dec. 31st, 1924	52.80
Total Amount Paid Dept. during Year	10.87
Balance owing Dept. on Collections at Dec. 31st, 1924	43.98

Municipal Tax Statement

(Not including Supplementary Revenue, Hospital and School Taxes)	
Current Assessment:	
Land Valuation exclusive of Bldgs. and Improvements (12 mills) \$24,112.00	
Buildings and Improvements at 60 per cent of Value	\$6,995.00
Arrears brought forward from 31st December, 1923	\$69.57
Penalties Added 1st January, 1924	\$28.51
Redeemed 1st July, 1924	25.22
Tax Levy for 1924: General and Debiture	53.73
	1083.70
Total Taxes and Penalties to be Collected	1707.00
Amt. Collected: Current \$747.74, Arrears \$339.57	1087.31
Exemptions and Cancellations	17.65
Amount Uncollected at Dec. 31st, 1924	\$602.04

ESTIMATED POPULATION 200.

General Remarks by Auditor:
Receipts, Expenditures and Records have been examined and found correct. The position is sound. All necessary improvements and repairs done during the year, have been done at the lowest cost to insure service and durability.
—Audited February 5th, 1925.

W. MASSON, Auditor.

I hereby Certify to the Correctness of this Statement.
Dated at Irma this 5th day of February, 1925.

W. MASSON, Auditor.
N. M. MATHISON, Sec'y-Treas.

More or Less Funny

It is said that it is hard for a rich man to get into heaven. Yet everybody wants to get rich.

An Epitaph

"He didn't have time to stop at the crossing; he has plenty of leisure now."

Rastus—Where you been?

Mose—Lookin' foh work.

Rastus—Man! Youah cu'osity's gwine git you inter trouble yit!

"Last night I dreamed that I had died."

"What woke you up?"

"The heat, of course."

HOW IT HAPPENED

"Is this a speedometer?" she asked as she tapped on the glass that covered that instrument. "Yes, my dear," he replied in a sweet gentle voice. "Don't they call this the dash light?" she queried, fingering the little nickel-plated illuminator. "Yes, honey," his words floated out softly as before. "And is this the cut-out?" she inquired. "Yes, sweetest of the sweet," he replied as he took his foot off the accelerator at sight of a fast-moving train headed for the same crossing. "But what on earth is this?" she said in a curious tone as she gave the accelerator a vigorous push with her dainty foot. "This, sweetheart, is heaven," he said as they both picked up golden harps and flew away.

A deacon of a church at Wainwright is a little hard of hearing and recently the church had voted to use a new song book. Last Sunday, after the sermon, the minister spoke as follows: "One week from tomorrow I am going away, and may be gone for two or three weeks." If anyone has children, and wish to have them baptized before I return they will please 'bring them next Sunday.' The deacon, who was in the rear of the hall, heard the last four words and thought the remark concerned the new song book, so he stood up and said: "Those that have not got any yet, can be supplied by me. I have a few I can sell at 50 cents and the most recent arrivals at 60 cents apiece."

"Don't you think that my costume looks very chic?" asked a loving wife of her husband here as they were preparing to go to a social occasion. "Decidedly," he replied, "Your shoulders seem to spread out like wings, and your—er—seem to be walking on drum sticks."

"Look here, Willie," said a young man to a kid he had cornered on the street here Monday, "When I am in the parlor with your sister do you ever peek through the keyhole?" "Sometimes," replied the boy, "when mamma isn't there."

A local resident wrote to the agricultural experiment station for information in regard to an insect that had been injuring his shade trees, sending a sample of it along and the answer he received was as follows: "The larva of the white marked tussock moth, one of the commonest of our shade tree pests, is shown to be voracious, its voracity varying with individual susceptibility. Numerous cases of obscure dermatitis have been traced to it."

The phone rang long and loudly in a store at Bruce the other day. "How is this," demanded a lady's voice of the clerk who responded, "I ordered a dozen oranges of you today, and you only sent me eleven." "Well, ma'am," explained the clerk, "there was a dozen of 'em, but one of them was so bad that I took the liberty of throwing it away for you."

"You and your little visitors are doing nothing but sitting around, and looking miserable" said a fond mamma to her little daughter who was having a party here one day last week, "why don't you play something?" "We is playin'," replied the little daughter. "Playing what?" asked the mother. "We is playin' that we is growed up," said the little girl.

Now that women are getting in public office and helping make the laws, our country should have no trouble in its plans for more money. When necessary just let the women folks sit down and cry for it.

A local card sharp, when being reprimanded by his pastor, insisted that he had discovered that poker was played in Biblical times. He said that he had found in the Bible that Noah had a full house and Solomon had at least four queens.

BEES BEES Produce Your Own Honey

We are arranging with a reliable Bee Supply House in B. C. for the agency of a full line of Bee Supplies, and can furnish anything needed for Bees.

If interested in Bees or if you would like to know more about them, call and get literature at—

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(Including Saturday Feature and Comic Section)

For a limited time we are able to offer you the IRMA TIMES and THE CALGARY ALBERTAN for six months for \$4.00.

By taking advantage of this offer you take the opportunity of getting your home paper and Alberta's largest and leading morning Newspaper at the price of one.

REMEMBER:—This offer is open only for a limited time, and we would advise you to mail or bring this coupon (below) with your remittance to our office without delay.

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Enclosed please find \$..... for which send me your paper and "The Calgary Albertan" for six months.

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DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
FOR
HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, KIDNEYS, LIVER, BOWELS.



CAPTAIN BLOOD, a Viagraph picture with J. Warren Kerrigan in the title role, is an adaptation of this thrilling novel.

SYNOPSIS

Peter Blood, a young Irish physician, is wrongfully condemned as taking part in the ill-fated rebellion of Monmouth against King James. With Jerry Pitt, he is sent to the Barbadoes as a slave and is bought by Colonel Bishop at the island of Anabella, his place. A Spanish galleon commanded by Don Diego de Espinosa y Valdez slips into port under false colors and captures the town. Peter Blood saves the life of Mary Trill and sends Arabella and Mary to safety back of the town. He then leads his fellow rebels on board Don Diego's ship and they capture it while the Spaniards are feasting in the city. When Colonel Bishop, realized military defense had failed, realizes that the ship no longer threatens the town he goes aboard where he is greeted by Peter Blood, now captain of the Spanish galleon with Jerry Pitt, Wolverstone and Hagthorpe as his aides. Wolverstone is for hanging Colonel Bishop to the yard arm, but Blood threatens to quit their leadership unless his orders are obeyed.

CHAPTER IX.—Continued

He paused. There was no answer. But they stood hand-and-half-mutinous before him, save Hagthorpe who shrugged and smiled wearily. Mr. Blood resumed:

"I'll please to understand that aboard a ship there is one captain. So," he went on to the startled Colonel. "Though I promise you your life, I must—as you've heard—keep you aboard as a hostage for the good behaviour of Governor Sted and what's left of the fort until we put to sea."

"But—"

"There is no more to be said, gentlemen. My name is Blood—Captain Blood. If you please, of this ship the Cinco Lagas, taken as a prize of war from Don Diego de Espinosa y Valdez, who is my prisoner aboard."

The officers went, though not without some hustling, regardless of the howlings of Colonel Bishop, whose monstrous rage was fanned by terror at finding himself at the mercy of these men of whose name he had heard he was very fully conscious. As they were running close to the headland east of the bay, Peter Blood returned to the Colonel, who, under guard and panic-stricken, had dejectedly resumed his seat on the coamings of the main hatch.

"Can ye swim, Colonel? It's a mercy for you I'm not by nature as bloodthirsty as some of my friends here. And it's the devil's own labor I've had to prevail upon them not to be vindictive."

It was the thought of Arabella Bishop that had urged him to mercy and had led him to oppose the natural vindictiveness of his fellow-slaves until he had been in danger of pre-

PAINS IN BACK AND SIDES

Ended by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Fuslier, Sask.—"For two or three days every so often I would feel some pains in my back and sides that could do nothing—could not even lie quietly in bed, and my head ached, too. I was this way about three years, but was worse after I was married. I was on a farm with not a house nearer than five miles and there was not a person to advise me, as my folks live in Manitoba. My sister-in-law told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me to try it. I took her advice and have been thankful for it ever since. After taking the medicine for three months I can say it has helped me a lot and I am doing fine. I am glad to recommend the Vegetable Compound to others and you may publish my testimonial."—Mrs. HELEN BALANOFF, Fuslier, Saskatchewan.

Often some slight trouble will cause a general upset of the system. Such symptoms as nervousness, painful times, irregularity, headache and dizziness indicate some form of female weakness. Women so bothered should give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. This dependable medicine has helped thousands of women and it is reasonable to expect that it will help you. Try it today. Your druggist sells this medicine.

W. N. U. 1963

Livestock Handled At The Winnipeg Stockyards

Considerable Increase Is Shown In 1924 Over Previous Year

Livestock of all classes handled in the stockyards at Winnipeg during 1924 totaled 916,995, an increase of 158,633 as compared with the previous year, when the total was 758,362. Of the number handled last year, cattle totaled 413,433; hogs, 443,239; sheep, 42,436; horses, 7,757.

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giving us schooled in the art of navigation is fevered, delirious, in fact, as a result of certain ill-treatment he received ashore before we carried him away with us. I can handle a ship in action, and there are one or two men aboard who can assist me; but of the higher mysteries of seamanship and of the art of finding a way over the trackless wastes of ocean, we know nothing. We desire to make for the Dutch settlement of Curacao as straightly as possible. Will you pledge me your honor, if I release you upon parole, that you will navigate us thither? If so, we will release you and your surviving men upon arrival at there."

Don Diego strode away in thought to the stern windows. "I accept," he said.

CHAPTER XI.

Filiberty

By virtue of the pledge he had given, Don Diego de Espinosa enjoyed the freedom of the ship that had been his, and the navigation which he had undertaken was left entirely in his hands. He took his meals in the great cabin with Blood and the three officers elected to support him: Hagthorpe, Wolverstone and Dyke.

That Don Diego was not playing fair it was impossible to suspect. Moreover, there was no conceivable reason why he should not. "If this wind holds," he had told them at supper after he had announced to them their position, "we should reach Curacao in three days."

For three days the wind held, and yet when the third night descended upon them they had still made no landfall. Captain Blood uneasily mentioned it to Don Diego.

"It will be for to-morrow morning," he was answered with calm conviction.

Captain Blood passed on, content, and went to visit Jerry Pitt, his patient for whose condition Don Diego owed his chance of life. It was this same Jerry Pitt who cast the first thought of suspicion. A trip on deck for a breath of fresh air and his navigator's interest in the night heavens moved him to point out the North Star and to lay the position of the ship to Captain Blood. But Don Diego's easy explanation satisfied his captor. New to the seas of the Spanish Main and to the ways of the adventurers who sailed it, Captain Blood still entertained illusions. But the next dawn was to shatter them rudely and for ever.

Coming on deck before the sun was up, he saw land ahead, as the Spaniard had promised them last night.

Beating out awathair, against the gentle landward breeze he beheld a



He lost his balance and tumbled into the sea.

gasp for air, the Cinco Lagas was already some furlongs to leeward. But the roaring cheer of mocking valdation from the rebels' cockpit reached him across the water, to drive the roof of his head deeper into his soul.

CHAPTER X.
Don Diego

Don Diego de Espinosa y Valdez awoke, and with languid eyes in aching head, he looked round the cabin, which was flooded with sunlight from the square windows astern. Between the pain in his head and the confusion in his mind, he found coherent thought impossible.

He was beginning to torture his mind with conjecture, when the door opened, and to Don Diego's increasing mystification he beheld his best and of clothes step into the cabin. The suit passed to close the door, then advanced toward the couch on which Don Diego was extended, and inside the suit came a tall, slender gentleman of about Don Diego's own height and shape. Seeing the white, startled eyes of the Spaniard upon him, the gentleman lengthened his stride.

"Awake, eh?" said he in Spanish. "Who the devil are you?" he asked. "And what the devil are you doing in my clothes and aboard my ship?"

"My name is Blood—Captain Peter Blood. This ship, like this handsome suit of clothes, is mine by right of conquest. Just as you, Don Diego, are my prisoner."

"And my son? What of my son?" he cried out. "He was in the boat that brought me aboard?"

"Your son is safe, he and the boat's crew together with your gunner and his men are snugly in irons underhatched."

Don Diego sank back on the couch, his glittering dark eyes fixed upon the tawny face above him. He accepted the situation with the fortitude of a fatalist. The light blue eyes played over him like points of steel.

"You are not afraid of die, Don Diego?"

"The question is offensive, sir."

"Would you be willing, sir, to earn life and liberty—for yourself, your son, and the other Spaniards who are on board?"

"To earn it, do you say? Why, if the service you would propose is one that cannot hurt my honor."

"Could I be guilty of that?" protested the Captain. "I realize that a pirate has no honor. The only man

Tight-locked in each others' arms they swayed a moment together, they went down upon the deck, the Spaniard's feet jerked from under him by the right leg of Captain Blood. The Spaniard had depended upon choking the life out of Blood, and so gaining the half-hour that might be necessary to a disarming the captor that was beating towards them. But all that Don Diego had accomplished was to betray himself completely.

"Will I say a prayer for your dirty soul now, whilst I am in this position?" Captain Blood was furiously mocking him.

"Who will pray for your soul, I wonder, when that gallows comes to its board and board with you? Do you know what ship it is? It is the Encarnacion, the flagship of Don Miguel de Espinosa, the Lord Admiral of Castile, and Don Miguel is my brother. It is a very fortunate encounter. The Almighty, you see, watches over the destinies of Catholic Spain."

There was no trace of humor or urbanity now in Captain Blood. His light eyes glared; his face was set.

(Continued in our next issue)

Delinquents Paid Up

Subscribers to Kansas Paper Thought Editor Was On Warpath

The editor of a Kansas paper states that he borrowed a Winchester rifle recently and started up the street to deliver the weapon to its owner. The delinquent subscribers got it into their heads that he was on the warpath and every one he met insisted on paying what he owed him. One man wiped out a debt of ten years' standing. On his return to his office he found a load of hay, fifteen bushels of corn, ten bushels of apples, twenty-two bushels of potatoes, a cord of wood and a barrel of turnips that had been brought in. All the country editors are now trying to borrow Winchester. —Publisher's Review.

Why Our Monarchy Is Solid

King and People Are Linked by Personal Relations

The whole fabric of the solidity of monarchy as we have it is the link between it and the people, observes the *Leeds Mercury*, *Advertiser*, *Herald*. That link is held and strengthened by the personal relations between the King and his people. This has been particularly emphasized in the House of Windsor, and, with this recognition, at no time in British history, not even in the days of Queen Victoria, much as her reign contributed to those better relations between the Throne and the people, has monarchy been so highly esteemed.

A Romance of the Peerage

Distant Relative Inherited Coronet of Earl of Bandon

The hereditary principle makes all the difference in the world to the collateral descendants of peers. Early deaths of childless marriages bring coronets to all sorts of unexpected quarters. Take the Earldom of Bandon, for instance. The late Earl's heir was his cousin, but when Lord Bandon died close upon eighty, this cousin and his wife were both dead, too. The present Earl of Bandon, therefore, is the cousin's grandson—a young man who comes of age next August—and his heir is his twin brother.—*London Mail*.

Claims Sight Was Restored

New Jersey Man Discards Glasses After Looking Directly at Eclipse

As a result of looking directly at the eclipse on Jan. 24, Louis Pretola, 54 years old, of Lodi, N.J., claimed to have regained his eyesight after having been unable to see without glasses for seven years due to cataracts. Pretola had undergone four unsuccessful operations for removal of the cataracts. After he had gazed at the sun without smoked glasses he suffered severe pains, but within a few hours his sight began to return to normal and he discarded the strong glasses he had worn seven years.

Great Britain is always in the lead. While all America waited patiently for the eclipse of the sun, London staged her worst fog for years.

The largest lemon grove in the world is located near Santa Paula, California.

American Was Original

"Your Majesty" Is Newest Address For Winnipeg Magistrate

Sir Hugh John Macdonald, who has occupied a magisterial bench in Winnipeg for many years, knows by this time that the prisoner in the dock is usually a little hazy regarding the correct method of addressing the court. He has been called "Your Worship," "Your Honor," "My Lord," "Mr. Judge," and "Mr. Magistrate" so often that he no longer regards a breach of etiquette as serious.

A few weeks ago, however, a young American started the magistrate by using a brand-new title.

Sir Hugh explained to the prisoner that he had the option of electing for summary trial before himself, or of going before a higher court. After pointing out that this latter course would necessarily result in some delay, Sir Hugh asked:

"How do you prefer to be tried?"

With a most courtly bow the prisoner answered:

"I will be tried before Your Majesty."—P. W. Luce, in *Toronto Saturday Night*.

Secret Of Oratory

True Test Is Result Obtained Not Applause Received

The inquiring one asked a great speaker the secret of his success. These are his ideas, if not in his words: "If you gain the objective that you go after, you are a great orator. If you fail to get what you are after, you are not a real orator, even though you clothe your thoughts with the most beautiful words conceivable and draw much more than your share of applause."

"Find out why you are going to speak. If you haven't any real objective, keep your mouth shut. But if you know why you are on your feet and what you want, then go after it. Never forget that the true test of an orator is the result he obtains, not the amount of applause he receives. An orator and a speech-maker are very different. We measure oratory by accomplished speech-making by applause."—*Kiwanis Magazine*.

Joke In Discard

Collection Taken Upon Train For Sermion Heard Over Radio

The old joke about Scotchmen preferring church services by radio because there was no collection plate attached there, will have to be discarded, according to officials of the Canadian National Railways. William Stapleton, district passenger agent at Saskatoon, reports that when the Continental Limited, a radio-equipped train of the Canadian National system, was approaching Saskatoon on Sunday morning, January 25, the operator received the service from Westminster Presbyterian Church in that city. The sermon by Rev. George A. Dixon, of Knox Church, Calgary, so delighted the passengers in the radio observation car that a collection was taken up, which was handed to the minister of Westminster Church when the train reached Saskatoon shortly after noon.

Portuguese Brought

Horses to Canada

Left on Sable Island Over Three Hundred Years Ago

The first horses brought to Canada, of which there is any record, were those left on Sable Island in the Atlantic to the southeast of Nova Scotia. They were left on the island by Baron de Lery and his Portuguese associates in 1599. The island was then larger than it is today, but then, as now, it was chiefly a sand bank on which grew some wild grass with a pond of fresh water at about the centre. The horses found subsistence and their descendants are the Sable Island ponies, now cared for by the men of this light-house and lighthouse station maintained by the Federal department of marine and fisheries.

Mineral Production Increases

Mineral production in British Columbia during 1924 was valued at \$48,693,295, as compared with \$41,304,320 in the previous year, according to a statement issued by the provincial minister of mines.

All metalliferous minerals recorded increased in value, while coal showed a decrease of some \$3,000,000, due to labor troubles.

Dress All Your CUTS & SORES WITH ANTISEPTIC Zam-Buk

LITTLE HELPS FOR THIS WEEK

The fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, long-suffering, gentleness, goodness, faith.—*Gal. v. 22*.

Peace is more than war, and when force were vain, makes conquest over the wave; And love lives on and hath a power to bless.

When they who loved are hidden in the grave.

—James Russell Lowell.

Gentleness diffuses a blessed calm over the nature. Love is the atmosphere of heaven. Long-suffering and meekness counteract all those distresses—and they are innumerable— which arise from pride, anger and revenge. Peace is but the original name for the entire result of combined and blessed satisfaction in the heart.—*J. W. Alexander*.

BABY'S WELFARE DURING FEBRUARY

February is one of the hardest months of the year on little ones. It is a month of cold, blustery days that prevent the mother taking her baby out for the fresh air so necessary to its welfare. Baby is consequently confined to the home. More often than not the rooms are overheated and badly ventilated, the little one catches cold or gripper. What is needed to keep the baby well is a gentle laxative that will regulate the stomach and bowels; banish constipation and indigestion and in this way will either prevent or break up colds and gripper. Such a laxative is Baby's Own Tablets. They are mild but thorough in action; are absolutely safe as they are guaranteed to contain no opiates or narcotics. They never hurt but benefit. Little ones and may be given to either the newborn babe or the growing child. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Found Relics of Franklin Voyage

Danish Explorer Identified Skeletons From Remnants of Clothing

Knut Rasmussen, the Polar explorer, who has just returned to Denmark after three years in the Arctic regions, relates that during a visit to Esquimaux at Storöfjord Cove, off King William's Island, to the far north of Canada, he found the skeletons of members of the last expedition of Sir John Franklin.

Rasmussen says that he identified the skeletons from the remnants of clothing. He believes that the men died from scurvy, but that they would probably have survived if they had dared to associate with the Esquimaux.

Even the pestilist has his uses in this world. He causes loss of people to be glad they are not in his class.

GIN PILLS FOR THE KIDNEYS

Proper functioning of the kidneys is essential to good health. GIN Pills correct all kidney troubles. Get a box today, and be well.

Everywhere!

BRIER

MACDONALD'S MONTREAL

The House with a heart

1/2 lb. 80¢ also in packages 15¢ & 20¢



I find it best for cleanliness

Don't call the plumber when the sink drain gets clogged. A little Gillett's Eye will probably clear it in a few minutes. Scrape off other eye around the sanitary home.

GILLETT'S PURE FLAKE EYE

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Quebec motorists will protest the government's decision to increase the gasoline tax from two cents to four cents per gallon.

Taken to a New York hospital after being seized by alarm, James J. McGuire, a furnace worker, was released on the possession of a \$250,000 estate.

Ten Russians, including a woman and three children, who were seeking to enter Argentina clandestinely in violation to the immigration law, were drowned when a launch in which they were crossing the River Uruguay sank. The accidental drowning of a boat by a Spanish army airplane while flying over the railroad station at Santa, Spanish Morocco, resulted in the death of one native, and wounding thirteen others.

Unless the United States "watches her tariff laws," a large portion of her trade with Australia may be lost, Earl Page, treasurer of Australia, and a member of the Australian House of Representatives, declared, in speaking before the Chicago chapter of the English-speaking union.

A. Baynton, of Carleton Place, a member of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association executive, was elected president of the provincial branch of the Dominion Producers' party when the executive association met in Regina. R. McSwiney, Capar, is the vice-president.

For Scalds or Burns.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a standard remedy for the prompt treatment of scalds and burns. Its healing power quickly soothes the pain and aids a speedy recovery from the injury. It is also an excellent remedy for all manner of cuts, bruises and sprains, as well as for relieving the pains arising from inflammation of various kinds. A bottle in the house and stable saves many a doctor's and veterinary's fee.

A Unique Bequest

The Chicago Daily Journal was left by John C. Eastman, who died recently, to a group of employees, the majority of the will disclosed. Eastman was sole owner. No estimate of the property was made, but the probate judge fixed a \$1,000,000 bond for the executors.

Chas. M. Brush



—Levy's Studio

"To build up a rundown constitution or to strengthen the nerves, I know of no better medicine than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," said Chas. M. Brush, of 408, Carleton Ave., Windsor, Ont. "I had become in a rundown condition, my nerves were bad, and my stomach gave me a great deal of trouble. I was afflicted with spells of nervous indigestion. But after taking a few bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, my health was much improved, and my nerves were stronger. I did not have any more spells of nervous indigestion. 'Golden Medical Discovery' seemed to tone up my entire system and made me feel much more improved physically."

At all drug stores, or send 10 cents to Doctor Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ont., for trial package.

W. N. U. 1653

Britain's Army Of Pensioners

Expenditure For Last Year Totalled \$7,232,000

Notwithstanding the lapse of five years from the cessation of hostilities 57,261 fresh claims in respect of death or disablement in consequence of the Great War were disposed of in England during the year ended March 31, 1924.

Of the 15,112 claims admitted during the year 6,855 were in respect of death, the 11,788 first awards of pension being a decline of 7,988 from the previous year. Claims coupling at the end of the year reached as high as 1,200 a week. The expenditure for the year totalled \$7,232,000, and the total since 1914 was \$232,250,000. In the last year's total, administration accounted for \$2,452,450. The minister's report shows 9,255 artificial legs and 1,201 artificial arms supplied, many replacements being included, besides artificial eyes fitted to 3,570 pensioners. Other supplies issued included 128 bicycle chairs, 127 invalid chairs, etc.

She Felt Like a New Woman

Had Suffered For Just a Year with Backache, Lumbago and Neuralgia

Ontario lady speaks highly of Dodd's Kidney Pills

Sprenkle, Ont.—(Special).—"I am pleased to say how much good your Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me. I have suffered with backache, lumbago and neuralgia, and after I started using your Dodd's Kidney Pills I felt like a new woman. I will recommend your medicine any time." This statement comes from Mrs. G. Woonch of this place.

That Mrs. Woonch's troubles were caused by the kidneys is evidenced by the prompt and complete relief she got from Dodd's Kidney Pills. They not only got the kidneys, diseased kidneys are the cause of nine-tenths of all the ills women are heir to.

Sound kidneys mean pure blood. Pure blood means good health.

Write, please, to Dodd's Kidney Pills, 100, Dundas St. W., Toronto, Ont. You should ask their neighbors about Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Obtained from drug stores, or The Dodd's Medicine Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Canadian Government Annuities

A Safe Investment That Will Be a Protection For the Future

An interesting handbook of information dealing with the Canadian Government annuity system, can be secured free of charge by mailing the coupon attached to the advertisement appearing elsewhere in this issue. A larger return for the amount invested is secured under this plan than any other life investment of equal security. It affords a sure protection when old age creeps on, and removes the anxiety of dependence in declining years. Write for this booklet today and learn all about the plan for protection offered by the government at Ottawa.

Miller's Worm Powders will eradicate the worm evil that bears so heavily on children and is believed to cause many fatalities. They are an acceptable medicine to children and are sold in all drug stores. Electric Oil foot channels thoroughly of these destructive parasites and restores the inflamed and painful surfaces to healthfulness. They are an excellent remedy for these evils.

Land Boom In Tokio

People Are Forgetting Fear of Recurring Earthquake

Land prices in Tokyo are now near the pre-earthquake level, following a terrific slump after the great Japanese disaster. People are forgetting their fears of recurring earthquakes and the real estate market has made it plain that it has no intention of moving the capital from Tokyo to Osaka, as has been frequently rumored. The new capital is being made into one of the world's most beautiful cities, with new parks, boulevards and buildings of the American type of construction, which withstood the quake.

Deny Famine Reports

Both William T. Cosgrave, president of the Irish Free State, and Eamonn de Valera, the Republic leader, state that the talk of famine in the West of Ireland was unjustified although the widespread distress in that section was abnormal.

It Bids Pain Begone.—When neuralgia racks the nerves or lumbago cripples the back is the time to test the virtues of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Well rubbed in it will still the pain and produce a sensation of ease and rest. A trial of it will establish faith in it.

Precise measurement of the human heart is said to have been made possible by an X-ray measuring apparatus, in use in a British hospital.

In a three-cent cake of yeast, it has been estimated that there are twenty-two times as many yeast cells as there are people in the entire world.

Minard's Liniment for Sprains and Bruises



KRAFT CHEESE

Tasty Meat Substitutes

We tell you how to make 24 delicious meat substitutes with Kraft Cheese, in the new Kraft Recipe Book, sent free on request. Send for it today and treat your family to "Something different." The children especially will benefit by the change in menu.

Kraft-Heckman Cheese Co. Ltd. Montreal
Send me Free Recipe Book.

Name _____
Address _____

Latest Electric Invention

Boot Cleaner and Polisher is Successful

Fully Demonstrated

A machine which will clean and polish boots at the rate of three a minute, or ninety pairs an hour, has just been invented.

"It is worked by electricity," states a press representative, who saw a demonstration in London. "Beside it were scores of polished black boots and shoes, some with thick soles and some with thin, some with broad soles and some with narrow, and some with rubber soles, some with high heels and some with low, some large and some small, lace-up boots and button boots, and even a few elated boots."

"They were placed in file along a flat chute at one end of the machine. Then the inventor pressed a switch, and the boots began to move along the chute. They passed on to a running belt one after another, and each boot in turn cocked up its heel, pulled its toe into the tunnel, disappeared, and in a moment or two came out at the other end of the tunnel clean and polished."

"The machine will not take black boots and brown boots together."

HEART TROUBLE SHORTNESS OF BREATH

Mrs. Geo. E. Bowman, Morrisburg, Ont., writes: "I am writing you a few lines to let you know of my experience with Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. 'Two years ago I became very poorly with my heart and nerves and whenever I took the least little bit of exercise my heart would start to jump and I could not walk upstairs without having to sit down and rest before I was half-way up, on account of my breath becoming so short. I comment on this now."

MILBURN'S

HEART AND NERVE PILLS

and in no time I felt a great improvement, and can now heartily recommend them to all those who are troubled with any affection of the heart."

H. & N. Pills are for sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Has Trained Goldfish

Professor Kantz, German magician, has deviated from the realism of magic long enough to teach a series of remarkable tricks to "Adolph," a pet goldfish. The fish is able to make a sound resembling a human voice, dives head downward to indicate an affirmative answer to questions directed to him, and darts upwards when answering "No."

Minard's Liniment for the Grippe

Alberta Honey

Production of honey is appearing for the first time in the annual table of Alberta agricultural products. It is estimated that there are now 150 beekeepers in Alberta, and that the production of the past season was \$5,000 lbs. or about \$15,000 in value.

Mrs. L. MacMillan Tells How Cuticura Healed Eruptions

"I was troubled many months with an itching, burning, papular eruption, feeling practically all over my face. A number of pimples broke out on my forehead which caused me to scratch and also caused eruptions. The pimples spread down the sides of my face and caused disfigurement."

"I tried several remedies without any benefit. I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and in about two months I was completely healed." (Signed) Mrs. L. MacMillan, Box 527, Kenora, Ontario.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum promote and maintain skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to powder.

Prepared by MacMillan, Adams, Canadian Dispensary, Ltd., Montreal, P. O. Box 2811, Montreal, P. Q.

Try our new Shaving Stick.

Biography Of War President

May Require Several Years to Prepare

Work For Publication

Woodrow Wilson's life letters—the long-awaited authorized biography and compilation of papers of the war president—will be done by Ray Stannard Baker, of Anaher, Mass. Although the work will begin immediately it may require several years before it is ready for publication. Among Mr. Wilson's papers was found the last letter which he wrote before his final illness came upon him, addressed to Mr. Baker, and virtually promising him access to the precious papers which comprise the "inside story" of the World War, the peace at Paris and Mr. Wilson's life itself. The letter was never sent. It was dictated on January 25, 1924, when Mr. Wilson already was beginning to fail, and on February 5 he died.

2 Years' Backache Subdued by "Nervine"

"Backache was the bane of my life, and for two years I was so lame as to be unfit for work," writes E. S. Sloane, from Georgetown. "While in Smith Bros' Drug Store, I heard of Nervine being a wonderful pain-killer, so I decided to try Nervine. Thanks to Nervine, my two-years' backache was all over in a day, and today I am perfectly well."

All those who suffer from back aches, rheumatism, those whose muscles are stiff, whose joints are swollen, let them try Nervine—the liniment that never fails. 35c at all dealers.

Success With Corn

By Jas. D. McGregor, Cleburne, Stock Farms, Brandon, Manitoba Part I.

With the majority of farmers now realizing that the keeping of livestock is necessary for successful farming, there has been the need of a crop which would take the place of the bare summerfallow and at the same time produce a lot of good food for either horses, cattle, sheep or swine. Corn will do this better than any other crop raised on the farm. The combination of corn and livestock, the production of wheat on a basis which does not wear out, and if the wheat crop fails, corn which is put in on well prepared land and properly cared for will put the soil in as good or better shape for growing small grain as will the best summerfallow. Feeding the corn livestock also makes it possible to return some of the fertility to the soil.

Sweet clover or alfalfa ground manure and plowed the previous fall makes ideal land for corn. This should be worked as soon as possible in the spring, when the soil is dry and then harrowed. This retains the moisture, kills a lot of weeds, and gives the ground a better chance to warm up. We have had some excellent yields of corn from ground manure which was plowed in the spring and well worked. A rule should be that it may be cultivated both ways, but that it will produce corn that will mature a week or so earlier than that on spring plowing. On some of our farms we haul out the fresh manure during the winter and spread it lightly on the stubble where we intend to grow corn the following spring and a very good yield has resulted. Care should be taken that this manure is not spread too thickly or it will burn the soil and leave the soil so open that it will easily dry out.

If a corn planter is available it pays to check row the corn. This plants it in hills so that it may be cultivated both ways of the field. This not only makes it easier to control the weeds, but will generally produce earlier maturing corn. A good job of planting corn can be done with an ordinary grain drill by plugging up some of the holes so as to make the drills three or four and a half feet apart and fixing the marker on the drill for a guide.

After planting we use the harrows quite freely in order to keep the ground loosened up and to kill whatever weeds that have germinated. The harrows can be used until the corn is five or six inches high and will save a lot of labor which would otherwise be used for cultivating. A few plants may be pulled out, but not enough to do much damage to the crop, especially if the corn has been drilled in.

We set our cultivators fairly deep the first time we go over the field, but after that we endeavor to cultivate as shallow as possible for the reason that by this time the roots of the corn are fairly close to the surface of the ground and it will greatly check the growth of the plant.

(To be continued)

Col. Essenden Dead

News of the death of William of Col. J. H. Essenden, D.S.O., formerly of Peterboro, has been received. Col. Essenden graduated from Kingston Military College and holds the distinction of having been the youngest officer in the British service to have been promoted to a full colonelcy at the age of 34. He saw considerable service with the British imperial corps.

For Every Ill—Minard's Liniment

Says League Is Without Life

Dean Tucker, of London, Speaks of Selfishness of the World

Some of the greatest evils which afflict nations today have come out of mansions; the idle and degenerate rich are as great a menace to society as the degenerate poor; the world needs a uniform social order; jealousies, which caused the world war still exist, and the League of Nations is but a great skeleton without life.

These were some of the declarations of Very Rev. Dean Norman Tucker, of London, Ontario, who addressed a large gathering of delegates to the annual meeting of the Social Service Council of Canada at Hamilton.

Worldly things found a paramount place in the discussions of the people of today, Dean Tucker declared, and they were concerned mostly in stocks, dividends, social parties, baseball, golf, bridge parties, dance halls, theatres and movies. He deplored social selfishness which, he said, was a denial of the spirit of Christianity.

Capital and labor, which should be working in co-operation, were antagonistic to each other, and adding to social disorder. Man, he contended, would have to be reconstructed before social order could be regenerated.

Additional Prizes Provided

Saskatchewan Aberdeen-Angus Club Decides On More Awards

The Saskatchewan Aberdeen-Angus Club has decided to give additional prizes for Aberdeen-Angus classes at the Regina and Saskatoon fairs this summer to encourage the breeding of this class of cattle.

It was decided to award three prizes of \$20, \$20 and \$10, in addition to the regular prize list, to the boys' and girls' Aberdeen-Angus calf classes at the winter fairs to be held at Regina and Saskatoon, and, in addition, \$5 will be presented to the owner of each calf exhibited.

The grand champion steer and heifer at both fairs will also receive a prize of \$25, in addition to the regular awards.

Retail Lumbermen Meet

Pass Numerous Resolutions At Session in Winnipeg

Early completion of the Hudson's Bay Railway, preservation of an intensive, selective, immigration policy, forest conservation and construction of branch lines, in districts in need of transportation facilities, were endorsed by resolutions passed at the Western Retail Lumbermen's Convention in Winnipeg. A resolution in connection with the Crow's Nest Pass freight rate agreement was also presented. It urged parliament to consider this contract from the point of view of public policy and justice regardless of the legal aspects of the case.

Prominent Man Passes

One of the most noted personages connected with the development and colonization of the Dominion during the past 40 years, William Duncan Scott, formerly assistant deputy minister of the department of immigration and colonization died at Ottawa following a lengthy illness.

Mothers Treat Colds The New "Direct" Way

No Longer Necessary to "Dose" Children With Internal Medicines To Break Colds.

Children's digestions are easily upset by too much "dosing." Vicks VapoRub being externally applied, does not upset little stomachs.

At the first sign of croup, sore throat, or any other cold trouble, apply Vicks freely. There is nothing to swallow—you just "rub it on."

VICKS VAPORUB
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

Doctors Score Another Victory

Use of Iodine Makes Diagnosis of Spinal Trouble Easier

Operations on the spinal column, always among the most difficult of modern surgery, may become considerably easier in the future by the use of X-Ray diagnosis.

One of the typical difficulties has been to locate an abscess, for example, that requires removal by the surgeon's knife. An incision is now made at the base of the skull, and oil to which a certain quantity of iodine has been added, is injected.

This fluid slowly trickles down until it is stopped by the obstructing growth. Iodine is one of the substances that—have the property of "stopping" X-Rays.

When, therefore, the patient is X-Rayed after the injection, the spot where the iodine has been stopped in its downward course becomes visible in the picture. A second incision is subsequently made to let out the fluid.

Latest Inventions By Women


Among this year's inventions by women are a transparent umbrella, interchangeable scissors blades, a portable bathing tent in which the owner acts as a pole, and a substitute for hampins.

Boots and shoes are manufactured in 172 factories in Haverhill, Mass.



time tested baby food

FREE BABY BOOKS
Write to The Borden Co., Limited, Montreal, for two baby Welfare Books.



CANADIAN GOVERNMENT ANNUITIES

A HANDBOOK OF INFORMATION

Why YOU Should Purchase a Canadian Government Annuity

Because in old age it will free you from the dread of poverty or of becoming a burden upon others.

Because it will bring you comfort and independence in your later years;

BECAUSE IT WILL GIVE YOU A LARGER RETURN FOR THE AMOUNT INVESTED THAN ANY OTHER LIFE INVESTMENT OF EQUAL SECURITY.

For example, if a man of 20 will pay to the Dominion Government the sum of \$1.31 a month until he is 60, the Government will agree to pay to him from \$0 as long as he lives \$50 a month—a return equal to over 23 1/2% on the total amount paid.

If he dies before 60, every dollar that he paid in, with 4% compound interest, would be returnable to his heirs. If he should die between 50 and 60, the amount so returnable in a cash sum would be \$6,230.00.

Such an Annuity may be of any amount from \$50 to \$5,000 a year, the cost being relatively the same. It is non-forfeitable, cannot be seized for debt, and is free from Dominion Income Tax. For full particulars fill out this Coupon and address as directed.

Mail This Coupon—No Postage Needed

6A Department of Labour, Annuities Branch, Ottawa, Ont. A-12

Please send me the "Handbook of Information" and full particulars as to cost of a Canadian Government Annuity. My age last birthday was _____ years.

Full Name _____ (State whether Mr., Mrs., or Miss)

Post Office Address _____

IRMA SCHOOL REPORT

Senior Room

GRADE VIII.—Lorne Milburn 79, Edith Hostrop 79, Maude Smallwood 76, Dennis Barber 65, Evaline Herbert 59, William Blade 43, Douglas Hatch 31.

GRADE VII.—Kenneth Matheson 78, Imogene Colby 70, Frank Maguire 64, Verna Herbert 48, Myrtle Glasgow not graded.

GRADE VI.—Lucille Guitner 59, Grace Love 57, Gerald Glasgow 39.

GRADE V.—Ethel Milburn 88, Violet Simmons 83, Bernice Mathison 81, Nancy Hewitt 69, Eleanor Barber 68, Vera Herbert 63, Eva Congdon 57, Clara Sharkey 57, Beulah Blade 52, Herbert Kelm 50, Marie Colby 43, Ezzel Sharkey 41, Ivor Colby 28.

—B. Borden, Teacher.

IRMA PUBLIC SCHOOL REPORT FOR MONTH OF FEBRUARY

Junior Room

GRADE IV.—Robert Maguire 82, Kai Hostrop 80, James Fleming 75, Murray Guitner 75, Agnes Latner 78, Clifford Smallwood, absent 7 days, not graded.

GRADE III.—Edward Sharkey 84, Keith Tucker 79, Elsie Stinson 76, Elmer Erickson 73, Dorothy Glasgow 71, Stanley Guitner 69, Mary Jones 69, Clarence Barber 67, Elmer Pyle 66, Sam Congdon 64, Mary Stinson 62, Don Matheson 56, Bessie Sharkey 54, Frank Matheson 45, Robert Kelm 44.

GRADE II.—Ellen Hostrop 80, Airs Colby 76, Harold Tucker 74, Dolton Herbert 71, Roy Pyle 70, Leslie Robertson 67, Bennie Maguire 62.

GRADE I. (Sr.)—Aetha Knudson Cathleen Taylor, Jim Mathison and William Milburn over 75 per cent.

Harold Elliott, Ida Mathison, Albert Glasgow over 60 per cent.

Roy Latner over 50 per cent.

GRADE I. (Jr.)—Harold Barber 76, Ralph Congdon 70, Fern Stinson 58, Robert Guitner 52.

The following pupils received honors:

Grade 4. Kai Hostrop, Arithmetic.

Murray Guitner, Reading.

Grade 3. Elsie Stinson, Reading.

Edward Sharkey, Arithmetic.

Grade 2. Harold Tucker, Reading.

Leslie Robertson, Arithmetic.

Grade 1. Aetha Knudson, Reading.

Harold Elliott, Reading; Ralph Congdon, Arithmetic.

George L. Davies, Teacher.

BIG MINSTREL SHOW

IN LARSON'S HALL

on

FRIDAY, MARCH 13th

at 8:30 P. M.

Laughs and thrills for everyone. Monologues, funny coon stories, southern melodies, snappy jokes, plantation scenes, side-splitting sketches and a Big Jazz Band.

Don't miss seeing Snowball Jackson and Moses Brown with their new brass instruments. Hear Rastus Bono and Washington Dynamite tell the funniest stories you ever heard. See Rumbos and Sambo in an act of mystery; full of laughs and excitement.

The Cast Includes

Mr. Rastus Bono ... Mr. R. Simmerman

Mr. Washington Dynamite, L. Lennon

Mr. Moses Brown ... Mr. Jewell

Mr. Snowball Jackson ... Mr. Madsen

Mr. Jack Bones ... Mr. P. J. Hardy

Mr. Sambo Crawford ... Mr. G. Daires

and Others.

Dancing after the show. Music by the Irma Dance Orchestra under the leadership of Mr. J. G. Clark.

Ladies please bring cakes or sandwiches. Admission to the show, Adults 50 cents, Children 25 cents.

NO TIMES LAST FRIDAY

As we had very little news and no urgent advertising last week The Times was not published last Friday. This accounts for your receiving your paper earlier this week than usual as we have combined the two issues and got it out earlier.

SALE AND REDEMPTION OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS (Sec. 48)

Notice is hereby given under Section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that:

One Bay Mare, weight about 1350 lbs., aged, branded double spur on left side; One Bay Mare, weight about 1100 lbs., branded E. S. on left side of neck; One Bay Gelding, about 1000 lbs., no visible brand, aged two years, were impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned, located on the N. W. quarter of Section 24-46-12-4th, on the 13th day of February, 1925, and that the said animals were sold on the 24th day of February, 1925 to, Large Bay Mare, Henry Greenwood of Kinsella; Small Bay Mare and gelding to George Hagenson of Viking.

—and that said animals may be redeemed by the owner or on his behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in The Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the municipality and the purchaser of said animal.

For information apply to the undersigned.

B. H. Green, Secretary-Treasurer, M. D. of Kinsella No. 424, Post Office, Kinsella, Alberta.

MOVEMENT INTO CANADA

The movement of farmers from the north-western states to the prairie provinces, already under way, will undoubtedly develop slowly into a steady stream of immigration. Cheaper land and lower taxes are the inducement. The land costs less and produces more. Fixed charges which the farmer, like every other producer, must take into account, are therefore less. His overhead is no greater. His implements cost a little more; his labor cost may be less.

In spite of much liquidation through forced sales and foreclosure proceedings, farm land in the American north-west is still at a price which makes wheat growing in normal years unprofitable. Taxes are much higher than in Canada, due to no small measure to enormous issues of state and municipal tax-free bonds for highway construction. The testimony taken before the United States tariff commission was almost unanimous in declaring that the cost of raising a bushel of wheat in the prairie provinces was only one-half the production cost in the hard spring wheat-growing states of the northwest. One, however, need not accept at their par value all the testimony given to and all the findings made by congressional committees and the tariff commission, to arrive at the conclusion that land can be purchased more cheaply in western Canada than in many of the western states, and that the yield of wheat per acre is considerably greater in Canada.

This means that the farmer requires a smaller capital investment, and that he has a greater number of bushels from the same acreage over which to distribute his overhead.

SALE AND REDEMPTION OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS (Sec. 48)

Notice is hereby given under Section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that:

One Bay mare, white face, 1150 lbs weight, left hind foot white. One Bay mare, two hind feet white, little white on left front foot, 1400 lbs. weight.

Bay gelding, spot on forehead, 4 white feet, 1250 lbs. All aged, no visible brands. Bay horse colt, rising one year, spot on forehead, no visible brand, was impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned, located on the S. W. quarter Sec. 32-45-11-4th, on the 6th day of February, 1925, and that the said animals were sold on the 19th day of February, 1925 to Gelding and horse colt to F. Waltz of Kinsella, Alta; Bay mare to O. Overbo, of Kinsella, Alta; Bay mare to O. Arneson of Kinsella, Alta.

—and that said animals may be redeemed by the owner or on his behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in The Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the municipality and the purchaser of said animal.

For information apply to the undersigned.

BLAKE H. GREEN, Sec. Treas., M. D. of Kinsella, No. 424, Post Office, Kinsella, Alta.

ANNOUNCEMENT

L. KLINE, OPTICIAN, of EDMONTON, will be in Irma on Friday, March 6th, stopping at the Irma Hotel. Defective eyesight corrected with glasses. 20 years of experience.—PRICES MODERATE—SATISFACTION Guaranteed.

FOR SALE—Marquis Seed Wheat, from registered seed, cleaned. Price 50 cents above market price on date of delivery. —W. R. Askin, Phone 210, Irma, Alta. 39-41P.

STRAYED—from Security Elevator about February 13th, yellow collie dog with bob tail. Answers to name of Paw, suitable reward will be paid for his recovery. T. E. Jewell, 39-41P.

SEED OATS WANTED—Wanted quotation and sample, for car of good seed oats. Apply at once. T. P. Hodgson, Bridgeford, Sask. 39-41C.

FOR SALE—S. W. Quarter Sec. 18-46-10-4th, with buildings and windmill. Tenders will be received up to March 31st, 1925. All mineral and Oil rights reserved by the Government. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Terms, 10 per cent of the purchase price to accompany the purchase. Balance Cash at the time of purchase. All cheques are to be marked by the Bank on which they are drawn. Address tenders E. J. Overbo, Jarrow, Alta.

People who think that the English language is very simple and easy to learn might study over the following item: "Bill had a billboard. Bill also had a board bill. The board bill bored Bill so that Bill sold the bill board to pay his board bill, then the board bill no longer bored Bill. Now if Bill's board bill bored Bill as much as Bill's bill board bored Bill, why not 'board' Bill with a board from Bill's bill board and throw Bill's board bill and Bill's bill board overboard?"

Viking

Last Wednesday the junior and senior hockey teams, a ladies curling team and gent's curling team visited Holden and everybody won their games. The ladies played 13 ends before winning their game. A party of 23 in all from here made the trip.

Wm. Taylor sold a team of good Clydes recently which are now in Edmonton. Good horses with the right snap are always in demand and we are glad to note that horses bred in the Viking district are sought for by those who want the best type of horses.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Green have returned from Canmore where they attended the funeral of Mr. Berg. Mrs. Green's father, Mrs. Berg came to Viking with Mr. and Mrs. Green and will make her home with them.

We learn with regret that Mrs. E. A. Brickman is seriously ill at her home near Phillips. Her daughters, Miss Ella and Mrs. Elliott, of Washington, have been called to her bedside.

T. Y. Cox's auction sale on Thursday last was fairly well attended in spite of the blustery weather and goods brought fair prices. We understand the family will make their future home near Nelson, B. C.

Mrs. Buie, mother of Mrs. McAtthey, arrived from Russell, Man., Tuesday evening and will make an extended stay at the McAtthey home.

Slavik's rink distinguished themselves at the Edmonton Borspiel by bringing home the Lethbridge trophy, winning by a good margin from the famous Trimble rink from Red Deer. In Saturday's edition of the Journal, the picture of the rink appeared on the sporting pages. J. L. Slavik, skip; F. Ross, third; H. Schulstad, second; N. C. Graham, lead.

In writing up the final game the Journal has this to say:

Lethbridge Breweries Final

"In the battle for the Lethbridge trophy, the visitors' secondary, Trimble took an unexpected tumble, being knocked out in eight ends by the hard-working Slavik rink. For three ends the rivals fought evenly, but Trimble fell off from the fourth end onwards, while the Slavik entry continued ahead with the same steadiness that marked their course throughout the spiel. A three in the fourth set them well in the lead and the Lacombe skip only got one point during the remainder of the struggle. Two threes in a row in the seventh and eighth ends were too much for the under team, and they threw in the sponge, resigning any claims they had to the trophy.

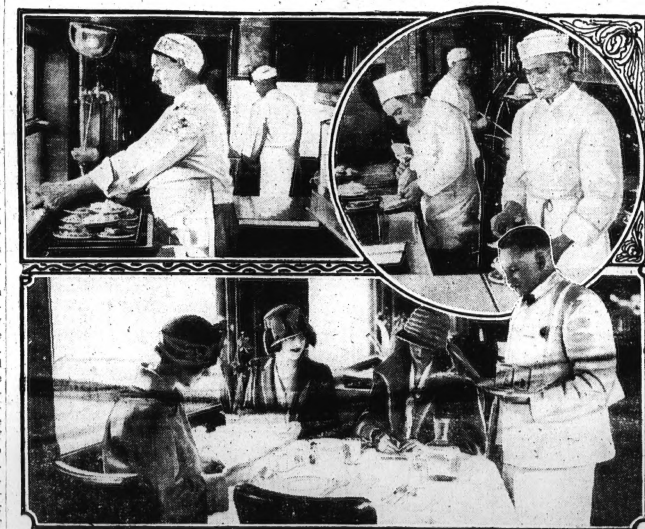
The Band Concert which was to be held on Friday, March 6th has been postponed to Friday, March 27th. Instead an Ice Carnival will be held on March 6th at the rink under the auspices of the Band. Posters are now out announcing the event. Prizes will be given for the best school girls costume, and best ladies fancy and comic, and gent's best fancy and comic, eight prizes in all. The fun starts at 7:30 P. M. The Band will furnish music. The admission is 50 cents, spectators 25c, children 25c. Everybody come whether you skate or not.

The Choir of the Community Church gave a social evening last Thursday after practice for Mr. and Mrs. Shippy who are leaving soon for California.

Rev. Upton in a few well chosen words spoke of regret on the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Shippy, how much a preacher depended on the Choir and what an inspiration it was. He wished them God speed, and hoped they would allow their voices to be heard in the choir wherever they locate. Mr. Shippy responded in his usual happy manner. Mr. Upton spoke of their faithfulness as members of the choir and how much it meant to a leader to have dependable members. As such he will miss Mr. and Mrs. Shippy. Mr. Shippy voiced his appreciation of the help given by being members of the Choir. Mrs. Walter Jones spoke of the untiring labor of the leader Mrs. Upton. "What we are and what we have accomplished is due to the untiring efforts of our efficient leader," and the Choir as well as Mr. and Mrs. Shippy appreciate the effort. The Choir responded to this by hearty hand clapping. The young ladies of the choir served a delicious luncheon and one of the gentlemen kindly contributed the ice cream. After singing "They are jolly good fellows" the choir left for their homes.

Last Friday, February 27th the Women's Institute put on two short plays to assist the Vault Fund. The Public responded nobly to the call and a good crowd helped to swell the Fund considerably. The Institute wish to take this opportunity to offer their grateful thanks to all who took part or helped in any way with the plays, and an especial thanks to the assistance donated by the Viking Orchestra, the services of which played no small part in the success of the evening.

"Bring me a"



At the top are seen the chefs at work on the new train which operates between Montreal and Winnipeg over Canadian Pacific lines in 39 hours 45 minutes, daily. Below, a comfortable meal with a landscape changing many times with each course.

How would you like to be called upon to prepare a meal for 175 or more people in a kitchen 21 feet long and a little over 6 feet wide, in which four other than yourself were working, and in which all your stores and supplies were kept? You might consider it a fairly tall order, and yet day after day many men are doing this very same thing at least three times a day in the kitchens of the railway dining cars which render travelling hotel service across the continent. In addition to the space mentioned, the kitchen and dining room staff have only a pantry seven feet by six in which to work, yet who has not wondered at the seeming magic with which the waiters produce at very short notice the choicest of foods and drinks, cooked and garnished to tempt the most dainty appetite and appease the most hungry?

The key note of this remarkable service is, of course, system, and that training. Investigating, one finds that each class of food has its own refrigerator, and that each refrigerator and ice-well, each drawer and each of the innumerable lockers are so arranged as to permit of ready access with the minimum amount of lost motion. Everything has and is in its place, the separate refrigerators being provided in order to avoid absorption of odors from the pungent variety of foodstuffs by those of a more delicate quality. The cooking is done on a broiler in the case of steaks, fish and ham, etc., or on the large coal range. Dairy products and fruits are stored in the pantry where silver, glass-ware and crockery is kept.

The preparation of the menu card is done under the personal supervision of the superintendent and a full

set of bills for fare covering all meals to be served on the run, are handed to the steward and chef. They make out a requisition for the necessary quantity of supplies, basing their estimate on the average travel, and all foodstuffs are checked and examined as to quality by the chef personally as they are placed in the car, and put into the receptacles provided. Everything is then ready for the preparation of the meal. There is, however, a great deal of work to be done before the "first call" is made.

Stock has to be prepared for soup, poultry and fish cleaned, garnitures cut, vegetables cut and many other things. The Chef sees that everything possible is prepared ahead, but will not permit the preparation ahead of such items as require to be prepared as ordered. All broiled foodstuffs and such things as toast and eggs for instance must be prepared only as ordered.

As to the division of duties, the Chef prepares soups, sauces, cooks all roasts, fries and grills all meats and generally supervises the work of the kitchen staff. Second cook makes all pastry, puddings, cakes, muffins and coffee; third cook peels all vegetables and assists the second cook with the other work; fourth cook is a general utility man and does the washing of dishes, pots and pans. The fifth cook, sometimes called the pantryman cuts bread, butter and prepares salads, grape fruit, oranges, etc. This division of labor permits of the service of meals just as quickly as passengers can partake of them, and very often one kitchen staff in the Canadian Pacific dining car will turn out nearly 400 meals in the course of one day.